#### Howe: Najibullah should step down

NEW DELEH (R) — British Foreign Secretary Sir Geoffrey Howe urged Afghan President Najibushah Friday to step down in favour of a bread-based government in Kabul. He told a news conference the vast majority of world opinion wasted an end to the Soviet-backed Kabul government that Moscow has kept in place for 16 years. "The Najibuliah government should step aside and make way for a fully representative government," he said. Following the final withdrawal of Soviet troops from Afghanistan leaf most in the said of the sa government," he said. Following the final withdrawal of Soviet troops from Afghanistan last mouth. Howe said the Afghan people need time to establish a government acceptable to all. But he poured cold water on further United Nations involvement in the conflict, saying it was important the U.N. did not give Kabul an opportunity to regain ground lost to rehels. Both the Afghan government and the Soviet Union have arged the United Nations to post military personnel on the border between Afghanistan and Pakistan were many of the Mujahedeen fighters are based. Moscow, which has repeatedly accused Pakistan of sending troops into Afghanistan to bolster Mujahedeen efforts to capture the eastern city of Jalalabad, hinted Wednesday that it wanted a stronger peacekeeping role for the U.N.



#### **New tremor hits Armenian quake area**

MOSCOW (R) -- The section of Armenia devastated by an earthquake is ober was shaken by a new tremor Thursday evening strong enough to destroy previously damaged buildings, TASS reported Friday. There were no essuaities in Thursday's quake near Spitak, a town levelled by the December disaster, the official Soviet News Agency said. Thursday's tremor measured 7.5 on the 12-point Soviet scale, while the Dec. 7 quake measured 10 on the Soviet scale and killed over 25,000 people. Thursday's tremor state at 2.34 on board time (1536 CMT). A capita of this next. tremor struck at 8:36 p.m. local time (1536 GMT). A quake of this nature and been predicted by Scismic experts, TASS said, since there had been and been predicted by Sessian experts, IASS said, since there had been fewer small aftershocks in the past week than typical since December. That meant energy was accumulating and likely to be released, TASS said. The epicenter was between Leninakan and Gukasyan, only 5 kilometres underground, TASS said. In the Gukasyan district, buildings damaged in the previous quake were destroyed, and 270 cattle were killed.

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### U.S. congressman ends visit to Jordan

AMMAN (Agencies) — U.S. Congressman Wayne Owens left Amman Friday after a three-day visit during which he held talks with His Majesty King Hussein, Prime Minister Zaid Rifai and government officials

King Hussein and Owens Thursday discussed the efforts currently underway to establish a just and comprehensive peace in the region through an international peace confer-

The audience was attended by the American Ambassador to Jordan Roscoe Suddarth. Owens told the Associated Press he hoped his idea for a Middle East Development Bank might "push the peace process along" and contribute to stability and prosperity. He said he had met enthu-

siastic response but also the 'almost unanimous judgment you're not going to get any real cooperation between the Arab states, except for Egypt, in anything that involves Israel until you have a peace process going and probably a peace

He said funding might come from both private and public sources, possibly governmentguaranteed bonds.

He conceded it would be "really tough" to find projects in the current atmosphere of tension and technical war between the Israelis and most

But he said it might initially be aimed at projects involving informal cooperation.

He said a conference might be held later this year in the United States to help solidify the idea.

Owens also said he had proposed earmarking \$85 million in U.S. foreign grant aid to Jordan for fiscal year 1990 - a significant increase in the current aid level. He said he had found "widespread support for

## · 2 tremors hit eastern part of Jordan

AMMAN (Agencies) - Two earthquakes measuring 5 and 3.7 on the Richter Scale shook the eastern parts of Jordan Friday morning, according to the Royal Scientific Society's Seismological Centre.

The first, measuring 5 degrees on the Richter Scale was felt at 02.43 while the second was felt at 03.43 Friday morning.

The earthquakes' epicentre was 160 kilometres east of Amman. However citizens felt the first quake in various parts of the country, particularly in the east-

ern parts. No damage was reported as a

result of both tremors. Faisal Sayar, a seismologist at the Royal Scientific Society, told the Associated Press the main quake was centred close to Amman and lasted almost six seconds.

Sayar said the second was centred in the Wadi Sirhan area, a sparsely populated desert region near the Jordan-Saudi Arabia burder.

"We consider this earthquake a less than moderate one," he said. Sayar said Friday's quake was the area's strongest since a tembfor recorded at 5.1 Richter struck south of Aquba in the Red Sea on

New Year's eve 1985. He said an earthquake of 6.2 to 7 on the Richter Scale occurs in

the region on an average of every 84 years and last happened in

"Within 10 years, plus or minus, we could have another one here," he said.

The Richter Scale calculates caergy released by an earthquake An earthquake of magnitude 4 can cause moderate damage and an earthquake measuring 5 on the scale can cause considerable.

#### AMMAN SATURDAY, APRIL 1, 1989, SHABAAN 25, 1409

## Fire continues to blaze at Dora fuel depot

## Lebanese strike in Falangist enclave over battle carnage

BEIRUT (AP) — Rival gunners skirmished with mortars in Beirut Friday, killing one man and wounding another, as a burning fuel depot spewed black clouds into the clear Mediterranean sky.

The casualties raised the toll to 126 people killed and 406 wounded since March 8, when the current round of violence pitted Gen. Michel Aoun's army units against an alliance of Syrian forces and militiamen of Druze Warlord Walid Junblatt's Progressive Socialist Party (PSP).

Meanwhile, fires continued to blaze at Beirut's main fuel depot in the district of Dora amid fears of renewed butane gas explosions. Fire trucks poured water into the area around the clock to keep the flames from leaping into the surrounding area.

Residents of the Falangist enclave also staged a general strike to protest ferocious Syrian shelling barrages.

The strike, called by the

Lebanese Front Alliance of Falangists and allies, also para-lysed life in Israel's self-proclaimed "security zone" of South Lebanon which supports the Falangists against Syria.

The Lebanese Front, in a statement, called on the "free world to prevent the war of annihilation Syria is launching against the

Lebanese people." A police spokesman said the

Falangist enclave, a 800-squarekilometre crescent-shaped strip north east of Beirut, was like a 'plague-stricken area" Friday.

"Nothing moved in the streets of east Beirut and the rest of the Christian enclave except for fire engines that maintained a roundthe-clock water shower on gas tanks at the blazing fuel depot in Dora to keep them cool and prevent further lethal explosions," he said.

The spokesman, who cannot be named under standing rules, said civil defence teams evacuated another 100,000 people from residential areas to avoid civilian casualties in case of explosions.

That brought to about 150,000 the overall number of people evacuated since a major butane gas explosion wounded 14 people Thursday.

"Hundreds of tons of butane and other types of gas remain in tanks near the fire. The only thing anyone can do is to keep them cool and prevent the blaze against the Falangists in the 14. The blockade from spreading to them," said the year-old civil war that has was eased Friday

Palls of thick black smoke rose from the depot, which initially caught fire on Monday, forming a huge mushroom cloud over the

Butane leaking from depot tanks Thursday caught fire from Syrian rockets and exploded with a concussion that shattered glass within a five-kilometre radius. Meanwhile, the independent

daily paper An Nahar said Aoun discussed the situation in Lebanon in telephone contacts with several Arab leaders. The paper said Aoun's cabinet was considering forming a delega-

tion to tour Arab and foreign capitals to call for "saving A Falangist source close to Aoun, speaking on condition of anonymity, said the team is to be

formed early next week to "try to convince the world to pressure Syria into withdrawing its troops from Lebanon, even gradually. Syria, with 40,000 troops deployed in predominantly Muslim areas of Lebanon under a 1976

peacekeeping mandate from the Arab League, is the main power broker in Lebanon. Aoun and other Falangist leaders accuse the Syrians of failing to achieve their peacekeeping mandate by siding with the opposition against the Falangists in the 14claimed at least 130,000 lives.

Maj.-Gen. Sami Khatib, a Sunni Muslim who heads the 22,000strong Syrian-backed predominantly Muslim army units, said in a statement published Friday that

Aoun was to be court-martialed. Khatib, a figurehead who does not carry real weight, accused Aoun of usurping the post of prime minister and "exercising political, military and information activity that has caused divisions in popular ranks."

The Lebanese political crisis decayed sharply on Sept. 22, when President Amin Gemayel named Aoun head of an interim military cabinet to rule pending the election by parliament of a new head of state.

Syria and its Lebanese allies rejected Aoun's appointment because it violated a 1943 unwritten covenant that gave the premiership to the Sunnis, the presidency to the Maronites and the house speakership to the Shi'ites.

The present confrontation broke out March 8 when Aoun ordered a blockade of militia-run ports that siphon \$100 million annually from government ports, Syrian forces, Khatib's troops and allied militiamen responded by blockading the Falangist en-

The blockade of the enclave

### 2 commandos killed in attack on Israeli troops

Lebanese firemen fight blazing fuel tanks in east Beirut

Lebanese commandos claimed to their base, the statement overnight attack on Israeli sol-

diers in South Lebanon. The Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP) and Lebanese National Resistance said in a statement their commandos ambushed Israeli troops in the south Thursday.

"Our heroes attacked an enemy unit on patrol in the area of Shihin using automatic weapons, artilley shells and hand grenades," said the statement. The Israeli army said earlier

that an army patrol killed two gunmen in a clash overnight north of an Israeli-declared security zone in South Lebanon. It said there were no Israeli casualties.

The PFLP and Lebanese Resistance said two commandos died and Israeli soldiers suffered "severe losses." The other mem- nounce terrorism.

BEIRUT (R) - Palestinian and bers of the group returned safely

It said the action was part of an attack to mark Land Day, the anniversary of the 1976 killings of six Arabs by Israeli police during protests against expropriation of Arab land in Israel.

man identified the dead as one PFLP fighter and a member of the Lebanese Communist Party. She said 10 Israeli soldiers were killed or wounded in the fighting: The PFLP, led by George Habash, is a member of the PLO

Central Council meeting Friday in Tunis. Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak

Shamir will probably urge Washington during a visit next week to break off its dialogue with the PLO on the grounds it had broken its pledge to re-

There are more independents

among the 952 candidates, many

of them Gulf war veterans, than

in any of the two previous par-

liamentary elections held since

June 1980. The Baath held 183

Saturday has been declared a

national holiday to maximise vot-

ing, scheduled to begin at 8 a.m.

(0400 GMT) and close at 8 p.m.

centres will be supervised by a

five-man election committee

Officials noted poor com-

munications and the high illitera-

cy rate in rural areas will mean

that many voters there will not

In the last elections in October

The elections were originally

scheduled for Aug. 30, but were

postponed until March 3 after the

United Nations-sponsored cease-

fire in the war with Iran. They

were again postponed until April

1 to "allow more independents to

Two hundred sixty of the

candidates are Baath Party mem-

bers, but party officials stressed

that none was an official Baath

merits," one official noted.

"They're running on their own

Only 29 of the 250 members of

the last National Assembly are

running. Many deputies were eli-

minated by party caucuses from

running because the Baath's gras-

sroots sought to inject younger

members into the assembly, offi-

cast ballots. Voting is not manda-

headed by a judge.

corded.

run."

candidate.

Each of the main 950 polling

seats in the last assembly.

### **Iraqis elect 250-member National Assembly today** BAGHDAD (AP) — Iraq's esti- to approve the referendum result.

mated 8 million voters go to the polls Saturday to elect a new 250-member National Assembly. Nearly 700 independent candidates, more than in two previous

assembly elections, will be running in a poll that Izzat Ibrahim, deputy chairman of the ruling 9-member Revolutionary Command Council and the No. 2 figure in the Iraqi leadership, hailed as "a new starting point in

the march to democracy in Iraq." The poll is the first since the Aug. 20 cease-fire in the war with Iran and is being held amid President Hussein's new democratisation policy, aimed at establishing a multiparty system after 20 years of one-party rule by the Baath Arab

Socialist Party. However, except for two small oro-government Kurdish factions 1984, 7,171,000 votes were reno opposition parties are running in Saturday's elections, the first

since October 1984. Diplomats and political analysts said that the outcome of the elections could influence national politics by enabling independents to play a larger role in

the decision-making process.

The government declared last month that the new parties will be allowed to form after a new constitution has been drawn up and legislation for political re-

forms enacted. A referendum will be held to vote on the new constitution. replacing the interim one approved in 1969, a year after the Basth Party seized power in a bloodless coup. But no date has

yet been set for these reforms. The Command Council and the Baath leadership will then have cials reported.

In Damascus, a PFLP spokes-Palestinian state.

during the weekend.

ment. There was no other candidate

ernment in exile.

end of the Israeli occupation,' PLO spokesman Riadh Al Hassen said.

He said the government has been recognised as the legitimate Palestinian representative by about 60 nations.

in Paris was raised to a "general representation" on French initia-Arafat took part in a rally organised in Tunis Thursday ight to mark the "Day of the

Land." "We are not making war for war's sake," he told the crowd. We are struggling for the political objective of our people: Establish the national authority on every part of the Palestinian terri-

Minister Felipe Gonzalez said Friday the decision by Mitterrand to meet Arafat was a positive step Speaking to reporters after lunching with Mitterrand in Paris. Gonzalez said: "There is a pressing need to support the moderate (Palestinian) line represented by

Meanwhile Spanish Prime

## **Central Committee** to name **Arafat** president

TUNIS (Agencies) — The PLO's Central Committee met Friday to endorse the nomination of Yasser Arafat as president of a provisional government of the

The PLO Executive Committee nominated Arafat for the post Tuesday, subject to an endorsement by the 70-member Central Committee expected sometime

The PLO's supreme body, the Palestine National Council, proclaimed an independent state at its Algiers meeting last Nov. 15, but left it up to the Central Committee to establish an exile govern-

for the Palestinian presidency. The current session of the Executive Committee was also expected to approve the appointment of Farouk Kaddoumi as Foreign Minister of the Palestinian gov-

The government headed by Arafat will exercise its function until the Palestinian people can freely elect a government at the

Al Hassen also said Arafat would travel to Paris at the end of April to meet President Francois Mitterrand, who has announced he would meet the PLO leader but not made public the date. The PLO's diplomatic mission

tive at the beginning of the year.

tory liberated or evacuated by Israel."

Arafat... not to do so would be an

### 8 Palestinians shot by Israelis as U.S. urges troops to pull out of Arab cities OCCUPIED JERUSALEM Witnesses said settlers opened a Palestinian state and refuses to Shamir said this week the plan be

day shot and wounded eight Palestinians, including a 13-year-old boy from the West Bank's Fara Refugee Camp in the occupied Arab territories, Arab hospital officials said. Three other Arabs were shot

and wounded in the West Bank and a 14-year-old girl, also from Fara, suffered a broken hand when she was beaten by Israeli soldiers, hospital officials said. In the Gaza Strip four Palesti-

nians were wounded after a clash between troops and protesters.

The clashes erupted after the army eased restrictions on Palestinians, permitting traffic to resume between the West Bank and Israel and lifting a general curfew imposed on the seaside Gaza Strip.

About 180,000 Gaza residents, however, remained under curfew in six refugee camps and neighbourhoods. Troops shot dead three Palesti-

nians and wounded at least 38 people Thursday in the most widespread West Bank violence for several weeks. Many of the casualties were in the Hebron

French and American televi- ated. sion crews filmed gun-toting Kach extremists sticking "press" around the streets of Hebron.

ri- fire on relatives of w Palestinians outside Hebron's Alia Hospital, critically wounding 30-year-old Awad Amer in the head.

Meanwhile an official said Israel's rival leaders all support elections in the occupied lands following Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir's acceptance of the idea as a step toward talks with Palestinians on an interim settlement.

Shamir, who will discuss peace plans with U.S. officials in Washington next week, wants talks with Palestinians to centre on limited self-rule for the residents of the West Bank and Gaza Strip, according to newspaper reports published Friday.

"Under certain circumstances. I will not rule out elections," the daily Yediot Ahronot quoted Shamir as saying. "The character of elections should be negotiated with the Americans."

Both the elections idea and the proposals for limited self-rule are derived from the 1978 Camp David agreements between Israel and Egypt. The new element is Shamir's readiness to hold elections before self-rule is negoti-

The PLO, which is demanding an independent state, has turned signs in their transit van to cruise down the self-rule scheme in the past. Shamir opposes creation of

talk to the PLO Palestinians accept as their political representative.

Shamir, who meets with President George Bush Thursday, is under increasing U.S. pressure to produce new peace ideas to help quell the nearly 16-month Palestinian uprising against Israeli occupation. At least 415 Palestinians have died in the protests. A Foreign Ministry spokesman

said Shamir's acceptance of elections in the territories meant Israel's rival leaders had finally reached a consensus on how to find Palestinian negotiating part-

Finance Minister Shimon Peres and Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin, both of the Labour Party, and Foreign Minister Moshe Arens of Shamir's right-wing Likud Bloc all support Palestinian elections.

"(Shamir) is finally joining the club. It makes four of them now and here we have a consensus. This is important because it makes a positive step towards creating a dialogue with the residents of the territories," said the spokesman, speaking on condition of anonymity.

Shamir and Peres, leader of the ences on negotiating positions. Peres would accept territorial compromise to gain peace, but support.

offer such a compromise.

In Washington, diplomatic sources said Thursday that the United States is urging Israel to withdraw some of its troops from the predominantly Arab cities of the West Bank and Gaza Strip. In return, the sources said, the

Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) would be asked to slow the pace of the Palestinian. uprising in the occupied lands and thereby create a climate conducive to peace negotiations. "Certainly that's what they

(U.S. officials) are hoping for, said an Arab diplomat familiar with the proposal. "They are hoping that if the Israelis pull out some of their

troops, then the Palestinians and the PLO would respond by saying the uprising would slow down a little bit," said the diplomat, who asked to remain anonymous. The White House, the State

Department and the Israeli . embassy had no immediate comment. Meanwhile a poll for Israel's largest peace movement indi-

cated Friday that two-thirds of Israelis favoured talks with the PLO if it recognised the Jewish Labour Party, still have differ- state's right to secure borders and ceased terrorist acts.

It was the largest share of

## Fahd visit enhances Egypt's return to Arab fold

ni Mubarak prayed together at Friday. Cairo's famous Al Azhar Mosque Friday at the climax of a four-day royal visit that set the seal on

This visit will be registered in letters of light," said Al Azhar prayer leader Sheikh Nagdi Saleh, standing above the two well that he is a far-sighted thinkleaders.

worshippers and security agents on the mosque floor. During the first visit to Egypt a decade, King Fahd gave strong support to Mubarak's efforts to purposes only.

with more than a thousand other

push forward the Arab-Israeli peace process. ing Mubarak's departure for Washington Saturday was expected to give him extra leverage reconstruct." in talks with President George

Washington by Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir and His Majesty King Hussein. "President Hosni Mubarak is

He will be closely followed to

Bush.

CAIRO (R) — King Fahd of outside world," Foreign Minister Saudi Arabia and President Hos-Saud Al Faisal told reporters

King Fahd, speaking to Egyptian editors Thursday, praised Bush, who he said would work to Egypt's return to the Arab fold. solve the Arab-Israeli dispute. "I have known the current American President George Bush for about 15 years and I know

Mubarak and King Fahd knelt telling the editors. The Saudi monarch also said he would be willing to help fund the reconstruction of an Iraqi nuclear reactor destroyed by Israeli jets by a Saudi monarch in more than in 1981. But he added that Saudi Arabia's support was for peaceful

er," King Fahd was quoted as

"Why should Israel get angry?" he said in response to a The visit immediately preced-question. "Let for military uses - those in Israel or the other which we said we would help

Israel has neither confirmed nor denied reports that it has built nuclear bombs.

Egyptian Foreign Minister Esmat Abdul Maguid said Friday Egypt did not accept any threats from Israel. "This is totally rethe best leader to represent the jected." he said, answering a error on the part of the West." Arab Nation in contacts with the question about Israel's possible

reaction to the rebuilding of the Iraqi plant.

King Fahd received a red-carpet welcome at Al Azhar, one of Islam's most famous mosques since its founding in 970 (359 in the Muslim calendar) by North attend the next regular Arab African Arabs who built the city of Cairo.

Thousands of people jammed the sides of the streets near the by Egypt since it was ostracised mosque, where all traffic was blocked for at least an hour before noon prayers. Many in the crowd cheered the

arrival of the two leaders. A joint statement issued on the final day of the visit supported efforts to create a Palestinian state and denounced Israeli ac-

tions in the occupied areas. "Both sides denounce the inhumane Israeli actions and their ignoring of the legitimate rights of the struggling Palestinian people," the statement said.

During his meetings in Washington next week, Mubarak will press the Arab position that peace talks must include the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and should be started under the umbrella of an interna-

tional conference. Both Prince Faisal and Abdul

Meguid welcomed the nomination of PLO leader Yasser Arafat as head of the state declared by the Palestinians last November. Faisal told the news conference that Egypt would definitely

summit meeting. He did not give a date for the meeting, the first to be attended by most Arab states for signing a peace treaty with Israel in 1979. But he said Egypt's readmission to the Arab League would be the

first item on the agenda. King Fahd and Mubarak urged caim in Lebanon, where some of the worst fighting of the 14-year civil war has erupted in the past two weeks. They praised the ceasefire in the Iran-Iraq war and

called for a complete and just settlement of the conflict. The statement said Egypt and Saudi Arabia agreed to establish a joint committee to increase cooperation in several specific fields, including trade, transport, insurance and cultural relations. Later Friday King Fahd left

Cairo for home. Mubarak saw King Fahd off at . Cairo Airport, where the visit

Camage.

## 'Soldiers of Truth' claim Brussels mosque killings

BEIRUT (AP) - A Muslim fundamentalist group holding a Belgian doctor in Lebanon Friday claimed it killed a Saudi Arabian clergyman and his Tunisian aide in Brussels.

The group, Jund Al-Haq. which is Arabic for Soldiers of Truth, "declares responsibility for carrying out God's verdict on traitors Abdullah Ahdal and Salim Behir," a type-written statement said.

The statement, delivered to the office of the independent newspaper An Nahar in Beirut, med the two were killed for

carrying out "destructive and anti-Islamic activities. through maintaining contacts with the Israeli (intelligence service)

The group threatened, without elaboration, that it will "implement just punishment" against anyone for "promoting Israel's

Ahdal, 36, was the Imam of the

Brussels mosque, Behir, 40, a Islam in the book.
Tunisian, supervised the mosque's social service and library. The two were shot Wednesday in Ahdal's office inside the mos-

que, near the European Com-

munity's (EC) headquarters. A Brussels police spokesman said that Ahdal had received threats after making a statement on Belgian television about British author Salman Rushdie and his novel "The Satanic Verses."

Iranian leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini Feb. 14 issued a death order against Rushdie for allegedly defaming heard of Dec. 18, 1988 when it

issued a statement claiming the kidnapping of Belgian physician Jan Cools whom it said was "a spy working for the CIA (Central Intelligence Agency)." Cools, 32, who worked for the

Norwegian aid committee, NOR-WAC, went missing after leaving his clinic in South Lebanon's Palestinian Refugee camp of Rashidiyeh last May 21.

Meanwhile Muslims in Belium were urged to stay calm Thursday after the killings.

Vice Premier Willy Claes said the imam, Abdullah Al Ahdal, was threatened March 24 for opposing the Khomeini death

"The Islamic world is deeply divided," over the Feb. 14 death sentence, Claes told reporters.

He said the phone threat Ahdal received "clearly referred to the moderate viewpoints of the imam," yet he did not exclude other motives for the death of Ahdal, such a racism.

But sources said there had been tensions of late within the 225,000-strong Muslim commun-

ity in Belgium and that Ahdal had clashed with dissenters over the Rushdie affair only hours before he was killed.

Police said they were shot at close range with a single gun bitting the two in the head and

They said there was no sign of a

struggle and that Ahdal was on the phone when he was shot. Ahdal was killed just over five weeks after he distanced himself from Khomeini's death sentence

in an interview on Belgian televi-

## Ozal reshuffles cabinet

ANKARA (R) — Turkish Prime Minister Turgut Ozal sacrificed Minister Turgut Ozal sacrificed his brother in a sweeping cabinet reshuffle Friday after his ruling Motherland Party suffered a crushing defeat in nationwide municipal polls.

Ozal replaced 15 of 22 cabinet ministers, with liberals heavily outweighing representatives of

outweighing representatives of the conservative wing of the Motherland Party. Three ministers changed portfolios.
State Minister Ali Bozer be-

came deputy prime minister, but the most prominent change was the resignation of State Minister Yusuf Ozal, the prime minister's younger brother who had been in charge of the economy since December 1987.

"Yusuf knows the economy very well. But unfortunately the press has blown up a story about a family dynasty that has influ-enced public opinion," Ozal told reporters.

President Kenan Evren approved the new cabinet, which now includes 25 members excluding the prime minister after the filling of three new posts.

The reshuffle follows Ozal's

Motherland Party defeat in last Sunday's municipal elections in which it won only two of 67 provincial capitals and polled only 21.9 per cent of the vote. Ozal said he would decide later

if and when to call an early general election and said the new cabinet would meet to discuss a probable vote of confidence in parliament next week. "This is a Motherland cabinet

that presents a picture of unity... to go on-until 1992," Ozal said, adding that he would directly take over the economic reins of the country.

Ozal said the Central Bank would be freed to pursue tight monetary policies to fight inflation, now running at 72 per cent and seen as a key factor in Ozal's local poll defeat.

Foreign Minister Mesut Yilmaz, seen as a prominent liberal and possible future Motherland leader, stayed on in the new cabinet, as did Labour Minister Imren Aykut.

The ministers dropped in-cluded a cousin of Ozal, Agriculture Minister Husnu Dogan, Defence Minister Ercan Vuralhan, dogged by corruption allegations, and State Minister Adnan Kahveci, in charge of flagging plans to privatise the statedominated economy.

The changes were apparently aimed at defusing mounting criticisms of Ozal's party over alleged nepotism, corruption and economic mismanagement.

#### MP detained after killing colleague

Meanwhile, a deputy from Turkey's ruling party was in police custody Thursday after an opposition member was shot and killed in a corridor of Ankara's parliament building.

Abdurrezak Ceylan was shot Wednesday amid increased tensions in parliament following a crushing defeat for Ozal in municipal elections last Sunday.

### MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

### Canada-PLO official meeting

UNITED NATIONS (R) — Canada's U.N. envoy met a representative of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Thursday, barely an hour after the Ottawa government announced it was ending restrictions on such contacts. Ambanador Yves Fortier had a 20-minute general discussion on the Middle East with Nasser Al Kidwa, the PLO's deputy U.N. observer, at the Canadian U.N. mission. At a joint news conference, Al Kidwa said he hoped for further contacts at the highest possible level including one "in the near future... between the Prime Minister of Canada and the chairman of the PLO, Yasser Arafat." Canadian External Affairs Minister Joe Clark announced earlier in Ottawa that Canada was ending restrictions on official meetings with PLO representatives and had endorsed the principle of self-determination for the Palestinian people, to be exercised through peace negotiations.

### Morocco opposition head arrested

RABAT (R) - Opposition leader Mohammad Ait Khaddour was arrested on his return to Morocco this week after 15 years in exile, the socialist daily Al Ittihad Ishtiraki said Friday. The paper said Khaddour, sentenced in absentia to life imprisonment in 1971 for his part in a plot to overthrow King Hassan, was arrested in Casablanca after arriving from Paris. He had planned to attend a congress in Rabat of Morocco's main opposition party the Union Socialiste des Porces Populaires. A government spokesman said he could neither confirm nor deny the report.

### Mujahedeen need more financial aid

ABU DHABI (AP) - An Afghan rebel leader said Friday that the Mujahedeen need more financial backing in order to overthrow the communist government following the Soviet military pull-out from Afghanistan. Jaialuddin Hakkani, a guerrilla commander in the eastern Pakita province, told reporters that funds also were essential to reconstruct war-damaged areas and resettle refugees. "Muslim countries which were providing us with financial and political support during the war with the Soviets, thought that fighting had stopped with the withdrawal of the Soviets. Hakkam said he came to the United Arab Emirates from Saudi Arabia seeking increased aid for the Mujahedeen and to urge the UAE to recognise their interim government formed two months ago. "I came to tell them that the communist government is still there and the fighting is now even more expensive," he said. Saudi Arabia and the other Gulf Arab nations were major financial supporters of the U.S.-backed Mujahedeen in the conflict with Soviet and government troops. The Mujahedeen have rejected President Najibullah offers of autonomy if they stop fighting and have refused previous offers of a coalition govern-

#### Riyadh, China head towards full ties

NICOSIA (R) — Saudi Arabia has appointed an official with the status of ambassador to head its first trade office in China in what diplomats said was a move towards setting up full diplomatic relations. The London-based Saudi Arabian daily Asharq Al Awsat said Friday the trade office would have benefits similar to those granted to diplomatic missions. It said the chief of the protocol department at the Foreign Ministry, Ambassador Tawfik Khaled Alamdar, would be in charge of the office, Riyadh's first trade mission in a communist state. Saudi Arabia, which is strongly anti-communist, and China last November to exchange trade offices after Riyadh bought an undisclosed number of Chinese-made CSS-2 medium-range missiles. An eight-man Chinese team is now in Saudi Arabia to prepare to open a Peking's trade mission. Saudi Arabia, the only Arab state with full diplomataic ties with Taiwan, does not recognise communist China and does not have diplomatic relations with East Bloc

### Israelis join SDI

WASHINGTON (AP) - The United States and Israel signed a memorandum of agreement Thursday to jointly establish and puter test centre to conduct Strategic Dele Initiative (SDI) research, the Defence Department said. SDI is the U.S. programme to develop a space-based missile defence system. The Pentagon said in a brief statement the two countries expected to spend \$35 million over the next five years on the centre, with the United States bearing 72 per cent of the expense and Israel the remaining 28 per cent. The centre will be built on a site in Israel to be selected by that nation's defence ministry, the Pentagon added. "The test bed facility will be capable of computer simulations of theater missile defence in the Middle East...," the Pentagon said. "Completion of the Israel test bed is expected within 30 months of contract award..., at which time both governments will be able to conduct joint or individual computer simulation experiments."

### Israeli convicted for 'selling secrets'

TEL AVIV (AP) — A Tel Aviv district court Sunday convicted a Soviet-born Israeli of passing army secrets to the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), Israeli Radio said. Benjamin Shenkman, 36, confessed to charges of transferring secret information to the enemy and holding contacts with enemy agents. He told the court he asked for \$1.5 million in return for the information, the radio said. Sentencing is scheduled for April 12. The maximum term is 33 years. Shenkman told the court he visited Athens three times in 1988 and gave PLO officials information on his military service, including the locations of the bases where he served and the names of his commanders. Shenkman served in the army for four months in 1985. It is unusual for a new immigrant who has served for a short time to hold a sensitive position. Shenkman emigrated from the Soviet Union in 1978 and was reportedly disillusioned with Israeli

### Waldheim to visit Morocco

RABAT (R) -- Austrian President Kurt Waldheim will pay an official visit to Morocco from June 5 to 7 at the invitation of King Hassan, the Foreign Ministry said.

## Discover gold with the 1989 Benson & Hedges Management Challenge

Take part in the 1989 Benson & Hedges Management Challenge and you could win a Share Portfolio to the value US\$10,000. Now in its sixth successful year, the Benson & Hedges Management Challenge has become one of the world's leading business award schemes - an exciting opportunity for all entrants to broaden and develop their management skills.

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#### JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE Programme review Children programs 17:05 17.30 18:09 18:05 ...... Message from Iraq .. A play by Shakespeare 19:15 Local programme .... Programme review ...... News in Arabic 29:30 21:45 Local programme ..... Arabic play ... News in Arabic PROGRAMME TWO Coulisses 18:30

Des Chiffres et de Lettres News in French . Le ¼ d'Heure du Procope ...... News in Hebrew News in Arabic Just the Ten of us .... Alfred Hileboock presents 20:36 rday Variety Show News in English PRAYER TIBLES

Fair

Maghreb CHURCHES

Assemblies of God Church, Tel. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunciation Tel. De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrasanta Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Annunciation Tel. Anglican Church Tel. 625383, Tel. Armenian Catholic Church Tel. 771331. Armenian Orthodox Church Tel. 775261. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. ian international Church Tel. 685326 Evangelicat Lutheran Church Tel: 811295.

The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints Tel. 815817. 321264 WEATHER

now Congregation fel. 822605.

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

## JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

Central Amman Telephone

Radio Jordan .

Another rise in temperature will occur and winds will be light and variable. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate and seas calm. Al Sharaa' pharmacy ...... (985238) Dr. Abdul Latif Sharbini ... 985417 Yesterday's high temperatures: Aza-man 18. Aqaba 24. Humidity readings: Amman 19 per cent, Aqaba 34 per EMERGENCIES Civil Defence Department Civil Defence Immediate USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS Fire Brigade Blood Bank **NIGHT DUTY** Public Security Departme bewAlA bu . Sa'id Abu Halab ... Hotel Complaints . Ibrahim Abu Hamid .. 677436

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Dr. Nabil Al Maridi ....

Firas pharmacy Ferdows pharmacy Al Asema pharmacy

Naironkh pharmacy

Queen Alia Intl. Airport..... . 08-52000 HOSPITALS AMMAN: Hussein Medical Centre .... 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn ... 64281/6 Akileh Maternity, J. Amn ... 642441/2 630341 Jabal Amman Maternity..... Malhas, J. Amman 622090/93 636140 Palestine, Shmeisani Shmeisani Hospital University Hospital Al-Muasher Hospital The Islamic, Abdali 664171/4 . 669131 . 845845 667227/9 656000 / 685111 Al-Abli, Abdali Ittalian, Al-Muhajree 664164/6 Price Complaints
Water and Sewerage 777101/3 Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich 775111/26 897467 891611/15 602240/50 Queen Alia Hospital 787111 .. 674155 Zarqa Govt. Hospital ..... (09)983323 Zarqa National Hospital .. (09)991071

Ibn Sina Hospital IRBID: 623101 . (02)275555 . 661101 Princess Basma Hospital Greek Catholic Hospital
Ibn Al Nalecs Hospital. 773111 AQABA: Princess Haya Hospital .... (03)314111 Jordan Electricity Authority ... 815615 MARKET PRICES

350 / 300 300 / 250 800 / 700 180 / 120 120 / 70 210 / 160 140 / 100 320 / 260 500 / 400 240 / 200 340 / 300 400 / 350 100 / 70 200 / 150 340 / 280 Lettace (per one) Marrow (large) . Marrow (small) . 400 / 350 320 / 260

160 / 120 650 / 550 110 / 80 1600 / 1250 .. 270 / 220 FOR THE TRAVELLER **QUEEN ALIA** INTERNATIONAL

**AIRPORT** This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information depart-ment at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, should always be verified.

**ARRIVALS** Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) 94:36 Singapore, Kuala Lampur (RI) 96:55 ...... Baghdad (RI) ... Baghdad (RJ) .. New Delhi (RJ) ..... Aqaba (RJ) ..... Damassus (RJ)

Karachi, Dubai (Ri Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (Ri Dhahran, Ruvait (Ri Miami, Vienna (Ri New York, Mottreal (Ri <del>6)-50</del> 15:20 15:30 New York, Me 17:20 17:55 19:40 Arthens (RI

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Other Flights (Terminal 2)

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

DEPARTURES

Belgrade, Istanbal (JU)

Rome (AZ)
Paris, Damascus (AF)

Bagbdad (IA)



### **Queen Noor receives Ilizarov**

AMMAN (Petra) — Her Majesty Queen Noor Thursday received the Soviet orthopedic Professor Gavril Abramovich Ilizarov (left), who is currently on a working visit to Jordan, during which he will treat a number of difficult cases at Al Hussein Medical Centre. Ilizarov, who has visited Jordan

several times in the past, has pioneered the method of lengthening bones without medical surgery, a method which has been named after him. Queen Noor thanked the Soviet doctor for his efforts to treat Jordanian citizens (Petra photo)



STAMPS EXHIBITION: Her Royal Highness Princess Alia Thursday opens the Jordanian-Soviet stamps exhibition, held at Alia Art Gallery by the Soviet Cultural Centre in cooperation with the Jordan Philatelic Club. On display at the five day exhibition are Jordanian stamps representing the various historical eras in Jordan, and Soviet stamps depicting Soviet Nature and all spects of life in the Soviet Union.

AMMAN (Petra) — Deputising for His Royal Highness Crown geared to transform the society

Prince Hassan, Minister of Social

Development Fawwaz Touqan

Thursday inaugurated the 53rd

annual conference of the Rotary

Club in the region, which was

held this year under the theme:

"Rotarians work towards a better

Addressing the Rotarians, Tougan pointed out that develop-

ment plans in Jordan are oriented

towards comprehensive and inte-

grated services and that they have opened the door wide for the

private sector to play an equal

Tougan added that the new

trends, as outlined in the compre-

hensive development charter

announced by Hrs Majesty King

Hussein, aim at revitalising the

role of young people in the de-

velopment process, the develop-

ment of local communities, in

addition to greater emphasis on

Housing Bank Complex.

8:00 a.m. - 6:00 p.m.

role with the public sector.

Rotarians start regional meeting

into a productive one.

Also addressing participants

was the Rotarian region's gov-

ernor Subhi Al Tibi who re-

viewed the club's objectives at

the global level and pointed out

that the Rotary International is

bound to work towards achieving

a better life. He added that the

movement aims at promoting re-

lations of love and understanding

Amman-based Rotary Club

Chairman Husam Al Hudhud re-

viewed the activities and prog-

rammes of the Rotary movement

in the Arab World and pointed

out that the first Rotary club in

the Arab World was established

in Jerusalem in 1926. On the

club's activities in Jordan,

Hudhud said, the club has contri-

buted by building a dental clinic

at Al Nuzha social services centre

in 1987, the establishment of an

among all citizens.

## **AOAS** outlines strategy

AMMAN (Petra) — The Arab Organisation for Administrative Sciences' executive board Thursday approved the organisation's strategy for the years 1990-1995, and its plan of action for the years 1990-1991.

AOAS Director General Naser Al Sayegh Thursday said that the organisation strategy as approved by the board, has defined the objective, priorities, programmes and mechnism of work in line with the strategy of the common economic Arab work, and the resolutions of the Arab Economic and Social Council.

At the conclusion of its meetings, the AOAS board called on all member states to increase their support to the organisation to enable it to carry out its services in the best manner. It voiced appreciation and gratitude to Jordan for the continued support Jordan has been giving to the organisation.

Wild Life Reserve in Azraq and a library and a social centre for children in Mafraq.

No education for

## **Queen Noor praises** gynaecologistsefforts

AMMAN (Petra) — Her Majesty Queen Noor Thursday praised the efforts made by gynaecolog-ists and obstetricians and highlighted their important role in protecting the health of mothers. gynaecologists and obstetricians,

Queen was accompanied by Health Minister Zuhair Malhas, National Medical Institution Director General Dawoud Hanania, Al Hussein Medical Centre director Nael Ailouni and At a meeting with participants in Jordanian Medical Association the first medical conference for president Mamdouh Abbadi.

Participants in the conference currently held at the Royal Cultu- discussed Thursday working papral Centre, Queen Noor thanked ers on pre-natal care, complicathe participants for their huma- tions of pregnancy, delivery and nitarian work and described them abortion, early pregnancies, the as the front line workers for ultra sound pregnancy test in defending citizens' health. The addition to other subjects.

## League welcomes ACC

## Al Qasem

AMMAN (Petra) — Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem Thursday returned home ater taking part in the 91st session of the Arab League Council, which was held in the Tunisian capital last week. Qasem also took part m the meetings of the six-member Arab ministerial committee which also met in Tunis to discuss the situation in Lebanon.

In a statement upon arrival, Al Qasem said the Arab League Council has issued a resolution welcoming the formating of the two Arab gatherings, the Arab Cooperation Council and the Union of the Arab Maghreb states, considering them as advanced formulas for pan-Arab work.

On the six-member Arab ministerial committee meetings, Al Qasem said the committee has met with a number of former Lebanese presidents and prime ministers and listened to their pendence and sovereignty.



Marwan Al Qasem

views regarding a solution for the Lebanese question. He pointed out that the committee has also submitted a report on its activities to the Arab League Council. Al Oasem said that the com-

mittee's work has been appreci-ated by the council, which has voiced its confidence in its work and called on it to pursue its efforts to find a solution that can preserve Lebanon's unity, inde-

### Jordanian-Indian talks

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of Dam on the Yarmouk River. Industry and Trade Hamdi Tabba'a Thursday discussed with the Indian side to the joint Jordanian-Indian Committee meetings, currrently held in Amman, scopes of cooperation in the various fields and means of increasing volume of commercial exchange and increasing Jordanian imports from India to balance trade exchange.

Tabba'a also reviewed with members of the Indian team progress of the committee's work and the steps it has taken so far to bolster economic cooperation, increase Jordanian imports from India and set up joint economic

He also discussed with the team issues pertaining to the Indian companies' contribution to implementing a number of Jordanian projects, including the Shidieh railroad, and the Wihda

The meeting was attended by the ministry's Secretary General Mohammad Al Saggaf, who is also head of the Jordanian side to the joint Jordanian-Indian committee meeting, and the Indian Ambassador to Jordan Gurchar-



VISIT: Armed Forces Chief of Staff General Fathi Abu Taleb Thursday left for London on an official visit to Britain on invitation by the British defence secret-

## Palestinians, Israel tells UNRWA

even interim measures to provide children in their homes. some basic education for the youngest pupils while 90 of the 98 Bank remain closed.

UNRWA, the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for have been closed continuously Palestine Refugees, had been since Jan. 21 1989.

AMMAN (J.T.) — On March 28 preparing teaching materials for UNRWA was told by Israel that "military security" precludes for which, beginning March 25, the time being the introduction of teachers were to have given to

West Bank schools have been UNRWA schools in the West closed by the Israeli authorities except for a few intermittent periods since February 1988 and

### NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF

SYMPOSIUM: A two-day symposium on the new international humanitarian order and human rights in the Arab World, organised by the Arab Thought Forum in cooperation with the Amman Business and Professional Club, starts here Saturday (Petra).

CONTRACTORS: Amman will be a venue for the two-day meetings of contractors from the four founding member states of the Arab Cooperation Council - Jordan, Iraq, Egypt and North Yemen who will discuss scopes of cooperation and coordination among the various contracting companies in the four countries. The meeting starts Saturday (Petra).

ITALIAN GIFT: Italian Ambassador to Jordan Francisco de Corten Thursday visited the Queen Alia Foundation for Hearing and Speech and donated a number of hearing aids to the centre for use by eligible hearing impaired. The Italian donation is in line with an agreement concluded earlier between the Italian government and the Founda-

HONOURED: Information Minister Hani Khasawneh Thursday held a dinner in honour of the outgoing French Ambassador to Jordan Patrick Laclerq, whose tour of duty in Jordan has expired. The dinner was attended by Minister of Tourism Yanal Hikmat and a number of Arab and foreign ambassadors to Jordan (Petra).

STUDY: The Electronics Services and Training Centre, in conjunction with the Computer Science Department at the Royal Scientific Society has completed a study of arabisation methods for microcomputers. The study was sponsored by the Higher Council for Science and Technology at an estimated cost of JD 20,000 and was carried out over a period of nine months. The aim of this study was to evaluate a number of arabisation packages which are in the market today and to discuss the possibility of laying down specifications of a model arabisation solution (J.T.)

WELCOMED: The Arab League Council Wednesday endorsed Jordan's draft resolution welcoming the Hague Declaration which provides for preserving the ozone layer. His Majesty King Hussein and other world leaders signed this declaration on March 11, 1989

FAIR: A large number of people, including the Nicaraguan foreign minister, have visited the First Jordanian Industrial Fair being held in Abn Dhabi. The visitors expressed admiration in the Jordanian national industry which proved to be of good quality (Petra).

## tary (Petra photo) Haj Hassan

hails AMBC

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of Transport and Telecommunications Khalid Al Haj Hassan Thursday voiced Jordan's support for the Arab Maritime Bridge Company and described it as the fruit of inter-Arab coop-

At a meeting with the company's chairman and members of the board of directors, Haj Hassan reviewed the subjects listed on the board's agenda. The AMBC made a profit of more than JD 2 million last year and transported more than 850,000 passengers and some 40 tonnes of goods between the three founding countries, Jordan, Iraq and Egypt. The company's board is currently meeting in Amman to discuss the company's activities and achievements and its future plans and budget.



## Lawzi, Khasawneh receive

Austrian Socialists

## Prince Hassan: PLO-U.S. dialogue very positive

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal Higness Crown Prince Hassan Thursday welcomed the ongoing dialogue between Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and the American administration and expressed his conviction that such dialogue would lead to positive results.

Speaking at a meeting with a visiting delegation representing Austrian Socialists, Prince Hassan said that the PLO-American dialogue will contribute to accelerating the efforts for convening an international peace conference to be attended by all parties involved in the Arab-Israeli conflict.

Prince Hassan stressed that Jordan's decision last year to sever legal and administrative relations with the occupied West Bank has enhanced the PLO's role in the search for a just and durable peace in the region.

The Crown Prince also welcomed the recent formation of pan-Arab economic gatherings, saying that they are aimed at giving the Arab countries more weight while dealing with the external world and at serving the public Arab interest.

Prince Hassan exchanged views with the Austrian delegation on the peace process in the Middle

The delegation is currently on a

fact-finding tour in the region, which will take them to Syria, as

Earlier on Thursday Upper House of Parliament Speaker Ahmad Lawzi received the delegation and briefed them on the parliamentary life in Jordan and Jordan's role in the peace process in the region.

Lawzis stressed the need for establishing a just and comprehensive peace in the region and emphasised the rights of the nations of the region to a peaceful life, including the right of the Palestinian people to self-determination on their national soil. Lawzi praised the increasingly

developing relations between Jordan and Austria and stressed that Jordan holds special respect and appreciation for the Austrian president for his supportive stands of the just Arab causes, and his principled stand against oppressive Israeli measures.

Lawzi voiced hope that Europe could play a more important role in support of the sincere Arab intentions to establish a just and comprehensive peace in the Middle East region.

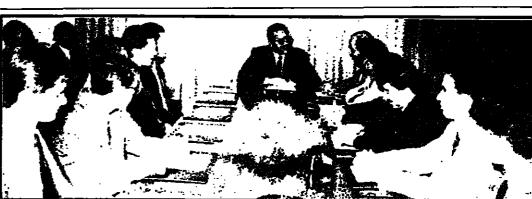
Lawzi denounced the positions of some world countries which still overlook the inhuman Israeli practices and extend support to the Jewish state.

The Israeli occupation of the West Bank has been detrimental to the democratic life in Jordan. Lawzi noted. However, Jordan has overcome this problem by inserting amendments to its constitution and parliamentary laws. whereby "we have been able to pursue the democratic work."

The head of the Austrian delegation voiced her country's belief that the explosive and fragile position in the Middle East region does not only jeopardise the region's countries but also the world peace. She added that her country supports the efforts for establishing a just and compre-hensive peace in the region.

The Austrian delegation was also received Thursday by Minister of Information Hani Khasawneh who briefed them on Jordan's position vis-a-vis the Middle East question and His Maiesty King Hussein's efforts to ensure the convening of an international peace conference.

Khasawneh praised Jordanian-Austrian relations and voiced Jordan's interest in further developing these ties.



Minister of Information Hani Khasawueh Thurs day receives the visiting British student delegation

## Khasawneh, Qatanani receive **British student delegation**

AMMAN (Petra) — Information Minister Hani Khasawneh Thursday received a British student delegation, currently on a visit to Jordan, by the inviation from Jordan University for Science and Technology. Also Thursday, Khasawneh received an American television crew representing such dimensions have been the CNN television network, who conducted an interview with the

was also received by the director national soil. Qatanani also spoke tories.

general of the Ministry of Foreign Affair's Palestinian Affairs Department, Ahmad Qatanani who briefed them on the development of the Palestine question. Oatanani pointed out to the political and humanitarian dimensions of the problem, saying that caused by Israel's continued refusal to recognise the legitimate Palestinian rights, including the right of the Palestinian peoeple to The British student delegation self-determination on their

about the Land Day, which was marked Thursday, and stressed that the crux of the Middle East conflict is related to the land.

He exposed the methods followed by the Israeli authorities to evict the Palestinian people from their homneland, through the seizure of Arab land and the building of settlements thereon, and through the exercise of oppressive measures against the Palestinian people in the occupied terri-

## Spanish film week starts today

AMMAN (J.T.) — Another film week in town... this time in Spanish with English subtitles. Starting April 1, the Spanish

embassy in cooperation with the Royal Cultural Centre (RCC) will present the first of the five films scheduled for the Spanish film week. "You Alone," showing Satur-

day, revolves around several young boys between the ages of eight and 16 who meet at the bullfighting school in Madrid to learn the art of fighting bulls. They are not hungry as in the past, nor do their dreams concentrate on owning a farm and becoming famous. Their only dream is to be in front of a bull, an animal linked with death.

On the following night, "Lost Edens" will be shown. The film.

which participated in the Venecia festival in 1985, is about the daughter of exiles of the Spanish the black years of post war Spain. republic, residing in Germany. The party is ruined by a violent She comes back to a town in dispute between the two Castille to be present at her brothers. Meanwhile Angela is mother's death. Her return im- pregnant and gives birth to Juaniplies her reencounter with the to. The audience is then taken ten countryside of her childhood, the years later to see what is the distant relatives, the comrades of conclusion of this "soap opera." her militant youth.

A film entitled "Demons in the Garden" will be shown Monday. This film was participated in seven festivals including El Cairo(1983) and the London film festival (1983).

The story is a sort of soap opera. Gloria's eldest son Oscar marries the beautiful Ana. Her younger son Juan has an intimate

"Rogues" will be shown Tuesday. Gonzalo Miralles, an ambitious rogue with connections in high finance and the corridors of power, has the bad luck to end up in goal after trying to smuggle money out of the country. In the hostile milieu of the prison he comes into contact with Gines. gaolbird, drunkard, swindler and small time crook. Gonzalo promrelationship with Angela. The ises to help Gines when they

leave prison in return for his protection inside. But, when Gonzalo leaves gaol on probation, he quickly forgets his promises. He is more worried about his financial situation, which is becoming desperate. When Gines turns up to claim his part of the deal, Gonzalo's position becomes more complicated.

Finally on the last evening, "August Moon" will be shown. Filmed in the Arab Maghreb, the movie revolves around Ana, a Spanish girl who travels to Tangier to join her boyfriend Migual. She then travels to Marrakesh with her young friend, Gibran, In Marrakesh she finds out some rather surprising facts about Migual.

All films begin at 8:00 p.m.

## LECTURES

training and rehabilitation. Such information centre at Al Shomari

**WHAT'S GOING ON** 

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and

the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed

**EXHIBITIONS** 

\* An art exhibition displaying paintings by children at the

A photography exhibition displaying photos depicting Jordan's historical and touristic sites at the University of Jordan.

An exhibition of Jordanian national beritage displaying Jordanian-made carpets and traditional costumes at the University of

★ A book exhibition at the Wasfi Tal Industrial School, Irbid.

a An exhibition of Jordanian-Soviet stamps at Alia Art Gallery -

An exhibition entitled "The Tuebingen Atlas of the Middle

East" at the Mu'ta University - 11:00 a.m.

time and place with the concerned institutions.

- ti A lecture, in Arabic, on "Arabic Language and Computer" by Dr. Ali Al Malli at Abdul Hamid Shoman Foundation — 6:30
- \* A lecture by Prof. Dr. Dieter Weiss entitled "Public Sector Enterprises, Social Control and the Control of Market-oriented Management. Components in a Competitive International Environment" at the Yarmonk University — 11:00 a.m.

\* A Sensith file catilled "You Alone," shown as part of the plate Plien Week, at the Royal Cultural Centre - 8:00 p.m. A German film autified "Frablingssinforic" (English subtitled) at the Goothe Institute - 8:00 p.m.

## **Jordan Times**

جوران تأبعز يومية عربية مياسية مستقلة تصدر بالإنجليزية عن للأسسة الصحلية الإرنية

Editorial Director: RAKAN AL MAJALI Director General: DR. RADI AL WAOFI Editor-in-Chief: DR. WALEED M. SADI

Editorial and advertising offices: Jordan Press Foundation, University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

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The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times Advertising Department.

### Health hazard

THERE is a growing scare and panic about the consumption of beverages including milk from paper cartons because such cartons are suspected of containing dioxin, a powerful carcinogen, which is produced when paper used for such cartons is bleached with chlorine. Thus the culprit has been definitely isolated as chlorine which is being used to remove a variety of impurities from paper used to make cartons for beverages worldwide.

In view of the seriousness of this problem and the great danger to health posed to Jordanians consuming beverages from cartons suspected of containing dioxin, our health authorities and environmentalists are duty bound to assure our people about the quality of the paper used in Jordan for beverages especially for milk. It should not be a difficult task to determine quickly whether Jordanian cartons used for beverages contain dioxin or not. If it does, one would expect our government to ban forthwith the use of paper cartons for such purposes and order its replacement with other material such as plastic or glass. It goes without saying that time is of the essence when human life and health are threatened and no price tag is too high to protect Jordanian lives at the quickest time possible. If our beverage industries need time to replace the paper cartons that they are innocently using now, they should be asked to suspend the sale of beverages, including milk, till a substitute material is found. Surely whatever effect on health that would ensue from the suspension of the sale of beverages could not outweigh the danger to health that the continued use of paper cartons with dioxin would pose to life. Fortunately the holy month of Ramadan will commence in a few days and it will provide the most propitious occasion to find acceptable alternatives to paper cartons that are suspected of containing dioxin. Meanwhile, our health authorities should issue warnings to consumers in Jordan about paper cartons after they determine that they contain dioxin. Come to think of it, our health authorities should also issue warnings about any other product that is sold on the Jordanian market which has been found elsewhere in the world as suspect of containing some form of carcinogen. A case in point is dried figs which is a popular fruit in Jordan and found elsewhere as containing carcinogen elements. One hates to think that we in Jordan lag so much behind other countries, which stay diligently on their toes, when it comes to weeding out products that are liberally consumed by our people without being aware that they have been found to be hazardous to health elsewhere. All such developments make the point for establishing a consumer protection agency all the more

### **JORDAN PRESS EDITORIALS**

Al Ra'i Friday attacked Israeli media campaigns directed against the Arabs in which Israeli leaders claim that the Arab World's quest for peace in the Middle East is closely connected with the economic situation in the region and designed to alleviate their debts. The paper noted that the Arabs have been seeking a just and durable peace under all circumstances and the economic situation has never been an incentive for intensifying efforts towards the attainment of peace which would restore Palestinian people's rights in their homeland. The Arab Nation has been trying to achieve peace but Israel has always been placing obstacles in the path of a just settlement for the Arab-Israeli conflict, the paper noted. It said that the Arab countries desire for peace cannot be questioned because peace would bring back to the Arab people their usurped rights and peace for the Arabs is not a commodity that can be compromised. It is Israel's lust for bloodshed and its aim to perpetuate occupation of Arab land that is being questioned by all the countries of the world, the paper

Writing in Al Ra'i daily, a local columnist casts a cloud of pessimism over the outcome of the on-going confrontations in and negotiations about Lebanon. Abdul Rahim Omar says that the six-member Arab League committee assigned to handle the question of ending the fighting in Beirut can never achieve its objectives unless it took some measures to stop Israel from fuelling the situation and setting one party against another. The writer also is pessimistic about and critical of a statement by the present Lebanese Prime Minister Salim Al Hoss who had stated that the Lebanese should consider returning their country to a situation that existed before the 1974 civil war in Lebanon. The writer says that the civil war which started a long time ago and is still continuing, broke out because the people wanted reforms; and therefore returning Lebanon to the pre-1974 situation means that the destruction that took place and the victims that fell in the war were offered for nothing. The writer says that the Lebanese ought to talk peace instead of pursuing the language of the gun.

Al Dustour daily tackled the Land Day anniversary which fell on Thursday during which a general strike was observed throughout occupied Palestinian land. The paper noted that the Land Day symbolises the long struggle of the oppressed people of Palestine and the strike and the processions and protests are staged every year to remind the world of the sacred right of the Palestinian people whose lands were usurped since 1948. The paper said that the uprising in the occupied West Bank and the Gaza Strip reaffirms this right and reflects the Arab people's determination to regain their rights. It said that all indications point to the fact that the Israeli occupation will soon end simply because the Palestinians are determined to pursue the struggle for freedom.

# U.S. experts see boost for Gorbachev

By Christopher Hanson

WASHINGTON - U.S.-Sovietwatchers are astonished by the drubbing Communist party conservatives suffered in the Soviet elections and say the results are likely to help Kremlin chief Mikhail Gorbachev's reform

programme. The official U.S. reaction was more cautious, at least initially, with the Bush administration welcoming a more open Soviet system and Secretary of State James Baker saying only that he doubted Gorbachev would regret the vote results.

State Department officials cautioned against excessive enthusiasm about changes in the Soviet system.

"It is a one-party state and not all elections were contested," one official told Reuters.

But among private analysts, even conservatives who have been sceptical about Gorbachev's reforms expressed amazement at the returns from Sunday's elections and said the vote was a highly significant, positive de-

"The Sovietology community is stunned," said Alice Young, a Soviet affairs expert at the conservative Centre for Strategic and International Studies who runs a computer research network for

By Mark J. Porubcansky

The Associated Press

MOSCOW — Results of multi-

candidate balloting in which vo-

ters rejected top officials around

the country are a blow to the

prestige of the Communist Party,

says are slowing him down.

to establish a more open society,

and the elections demonstrated

that will be a price he pays for

tolerance. But the outcome also

enhanced his standing as a leader

Gorbachev's proposal of a new

election law last year was de-

signed to increase public parti-

cipation in government affairs

and perhaps to make the Kremlin

more responsive to the public. In

its first, admittedly imperfect

round of nominations and ballot-

ing, the law focused a spotlight on

many government and party offi-

cials unaccustomed to the glare of

serious about reform.

legislative power. .

Virtually no one had expected rebel Communist Boris Yeltsin to garner 89 per cent of the vote against an officially backed opponent, she said, adding: "People who had put up with abuse from the party for so long have stood up to be counted.

The first contested Soviet elections in 70 years — a major plank in Gorbachev's reform platform shook Communist organisations from the Pacific island of Sakhalin to the western Ukraine. The city chiefs of Moscow, Leningrad, Kiev, Lvov, Minsk

and Kishinyov were among the **NEWS ANALYSIS** 

"It really is historic." said Georgetown University's Thane Gustafson, a specialist in Soviet politics. "It's an extraordinary slap in the face of the ruling party at every level."

Dmitri Simes, a Soviet-watcher at the Carnegie Endowment think tank, said in an interview: "The Communist Party apparatus has been challenged for the first time, but not destroyed, not shattered."

It was unclear how many of the reformers elected in the poll would survive the second stage of selection for membership in a reconstituted supreme Soviet that

Gustafson predicted that many

of the strongest reformers, including Yeltsin, would never serve in the supreme Soviet. The analysts said that in the

short term the vote greatly strengthened Gorbachev's hand because the Soviet leader could now claim wide popular support for his reform programmes of political openness and perestroika, or economic restruc-

He had managed to stoke a popular desire for reform and use it to advance his programme, Young said.

The Washington Post argued in a lead editorial Tuesday that Gor-bachev was "shrewdly using democratic forms to diminish the entrenched party core and other bureaucratic and conservative elements that impede his form."

Soviet foreign ministry spokesman Gennady Gerasimov suggested Tuesday that regional Communist leaders beaten in the historic election could be stripped of their party posts, which would strengthen Gorbachev's hand. U.S. analysts saw two dangers to

Gorbachev in the election. First, it might cause his conservative opponents, fearful that they may soon be ousted, to

organise against him. Second, it could encourage will meet continuously and is moves toward secession in the

expected to have some genuine Soviet Baltic republics, where many candidates sympathetic to regional autonomy won by big

If the forces of autonomy pressed to break away from the Soviet Union, Gorbachev would be in serious trouble and would have to send in the military.

Gustafson said. Analysts are also concerned that agitation for autonomy within the Soviet Union could encourage Moscow's East European allies to try breaking away, a trend that could also threaten Gorbachev.

Secretary of State Baker said in a New York Times interview published Tuesday that Washington was cautionsly considering a proposal to seek talks with Moscow on loosening control over Eastern Europe.

The newspaper said such an arrangement would include Moscow loosening its hold over the region in exchange for a pledge by the United States and its Western allies not to move into Eastern Europe and undermine the Soviet Union.

"I think it is important that any such idea, to the extent that it is going to be pursued, be pursued carefully so that you do not send a signal that somehow we are getting together with the Soviet Union and carving up Eastern Europe," Baker said.

**Election hurts** party, may help

Gorbachev but not necessarily to Soviet President Mikhail S. Gorbachev, who masterminded the electoral re-Kiev, the president and premier Legions of angry voters may of Lithuania, the mayor and No. 2 party leader of Moscow, regional have done for Gorbachev what he party chairmen throughout the has not been able to accomplish

in four years of reform — shake In contrast, Moscow voters gave Boris N. Yeltsin 89 per cent up entrenched bureaucrats he At the same time, Gorbachev of the votes in a stimning endorsement of his anti-establishhas said he is willing to risk public criticism of the Kremlin in order ment campaign.

Gorbachev has long complained that the complacency or outright opposition of many ranking officials is slowing his 4-yearold reform effort.

Asked Tuesday about the effect of the election on Gorbachev's political standing, a senior Western diplomat in Moscow said: "I suspect it will strengthen his hand. There are instances in which party chiefs were defeated, and the Yeltsin vote is evidence that the radical reforms have to continue." The diplomat spoke on condition he not be identified.

Virgilijus Chapaitis, a leader of nationwide multi-candidate the Lithuanian grassroots move-ment Sajudis, which defeated the balloting, and some found the exposure most unpleasant. republic's president and premier, said, "Gorbachev need not fear The losses suffered would have been unimaginable until just rethis election. It's not a victory cently: A candidate politburo member and party leader of Leningrad, the party chief of against the party; it's a victory of the progressives."

At least some of those rejected by voters Sunday, including the government leaders in Lithuania and Kiev city party chief Kon-stantin Masik, had been targeted by reformers because of their

hard-line views. But information

on the leanings of many others

was not available. The voters' rejection of top local officials for the national parliament did not sweep them from the jobs that give them great power and prestige. However, it was an embarrassment that could seriously weaken their power base. Party leader Anatoly Gerasimov in Leningrad and the party's No. 2 leader in Moscow, Yuri Prokofiev, received less than 20 per cent of the vote.

Foreign ministry spokesman Gennady I. Gerasimov said the would review reasons why candidates lost, and local party organisations would decide what to do with unpopular officials. Gorbachev has said that critic-

ism levelled at top leaders, in-cluding himself, by Soviet citizens is an acceptable price for reform. He told reporters after voting Sunday that he supports competition at all levels. Even supporters of Yeltsin's anti-establishment along, he said.

The Soviet leader did not face ple's Deputies.

Of 641 top party officials who took part in that balloting, 12 voted against Gorbachev. would be very much upset if there was no criticism," Gorbachev said when asked Sunday about

The size of the anti-establish-

Monitors from the U.S.-based International Human Rights Law group said the election process appeared efficient, and that they saw no evidence of cheating. U.S. Secretary of State James

Baker, interviewed by the American television network NBC, said Tuesday he did not believe Gorbachev would regret the elec-

"I would have to say of course that we feel that the jury is still very much out on whether or not perestroika will succeed," Baker said.. "We don't think there'll be any reversal of what's taken place, though, because once you let people taste the fruits of freedom, it's pretty hard to put the genie back in the bottle. But I'm not sure he'll rue the day."

candidacy could be a positive influence because they wanted to push the reform process further

the voters on Sunday because he and most other members of the ruling politburo were among the 100 deputies chosen for the party's allotment of seats in the 2,250-member Congress of Peo-

the negative votes.

nent vote nationwide showed officials did not tamper with the results, thereby indicating Gorbachev is serious about democratic reforms.

## **OPEN FORUM**

## Land Day

THIRTEEN years ago last Thursday, the land of Palestine exploded into one of the stormiest aprisings when thousands of Palestinians rose on the morning of March 30, 1976, in naswer to the call of mayors and local councils to hold a general strike.

Marching in the streets of Nazareth, Galilee, Sakhain, and all the cities, towns and camps of the West Bank and Gaza Strip, unarmed Palestinians demonstrated against occupation, against Israeli confiscation of 21,000 dunums in the Galilee and the triangle and against the building of Jewish settlements.

Today, thirteen years later we are not only witnessing the continuation of the March 30 uprising in the occupied territories, but the continuation of all the Palestinian uprisings as early as 1921 where Palestinians sacrificed their lives for their homeland, their national identity and their right to self-determination. In the past 16 months of the current Palestinian aprising 418

Palestinians have been killed, thousands wounded, 23,000 detained and 49 deported as they fought to keep their homes, land and identity in the face of Israel's brutal onslaught to uproot and

Knowing the importance of the land, successive Israeli governnents have had as their official policy the seizure of land and the expulsion of its Palestinian owners as a means to bury the Palestinian national identity and to build Zionist settlements on Palestinian lands.

Just a day before Land Day this year, Israel Defence Minister Yitzhak Rahin urged an amendment to the Israeli law that bars the Israeli government from deporting detainees who live in east

Jerusalem, annexed by Israel in 1967. Deportation of Palestinians, confiscation of their land and settlements building, which are at the heart of the Israeli policy, are complemented by the shooting and the arresting of Palestinians, the demolitions of homes, the vandalism of hospitals, the closure of schools and universities and the uprooting of trees, to

Despite all of this no Pulestinian has left his or her home on their own initiative despite the hardships they are subjected to. Armed only with stones the young and the old, whether Christian, Muslim, male or female, face Israel's iron vest policy defiantly. Everyone in the Arab World takes his hat off to those

ians who are coping with their difficult conditions and are rising up in unity to resist the seizure of their land and to the uittees formed to defend the Palestinian land against Yet as the Palestinians continue their uprising, they look at their brothers for support. As new sub-regional cooperation councils are being formed, perhaps these will be the nucleuses for Arab unity, one that is different from those aspired for in the 1950's. A more

realistic Arab unity, whereby consensus can actually be achieved among each group of countries within each cooperation block.

Perhaps if all the groups reach similar conclusions on the

Palestinian cause, then the Arab World as a whole can stand up to the outside world and can impose its will for peace, before more

Palestinians lives are lost. We should take advantage of the shift in U.S. policy, whether artificial or not. The taboo has been broken, and the U.S. is conducting dialogue with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO). James Baker, the U.S. secretary of state, has refused to equate the intifada and attacks from Lebanon with "terrorism." Keeping in mind the Soviet Union's favourable stand towards

the Palestinian problem, the Arab groups can play upon these changes, at the same time providing the people in the occupied territories with all possible support.

The intifada is not only the best card the PLO has, but the best

card in the hands of the Arab World. We should use it well, for it is the only card which has allowed us as Arabs to finally hold our heads up high and which will force the return of Arab land to its rightful owners.

Najwa Najjar

#### **LETTERS** Greetings

To the Editor: .

YEARS ago, I came to America. I attended elementary school, secondary school and college in the state of Texas. After college I began looking for a job in the field of computer engineering. My job search took me from the east to the west coast, but the chances for a Palestinian/American to find a good job became

shim and hopeless.
On December 13 I heard the words of our beloved friend Yasser Arafat accepting the U.N. Resolutions 242 and 338 "as the basis for negotiations." I thought this should satisfy both the American and Jewish people and for a brief moment I dreamt of the day I would be working in the city of my birth, Jerusalem, however, the Israelis won again. They performed the ultimate performance on the American public and media. They appeared to be crushed by the unanticipated with which their closest ally seemed to

accept Arafat's commitment to

accept the legitimacy of a Jewish state in Palestine. Even their friend Mr. Henry Kissinger said today "After all, the PLO was founded in 1964 when Israel was within its 1967 borders and the old city of Jerusalem was in Arab hands. It stated purpose, which continues to be expressed in its charter, has been the destruction of the state of Israel. Any serious diplomatic effort must start from two propositions: Conditions for a final settlement simply do not exit; Israel cannot be asked simultaneously to give up territories and to establish a PLO

My fellow Palestinians in the Gaza and the West Bank I see the intifada on the news everyday. I see you dying and my heart and my eyes become full of pain and tears. I say to you be patient, keep hope alive, and God be with

Jamai Ras New Jersey

# Mexican church campaigns for power

By Bernd Debusmann

MEXICO CITY — Mexico's Roman Catholic church, shackled by ,harsh anti-clerical laws, is throwing more weight behind its demands for greater influence in public life.

The church has long pursued a low-key campaign for a bigger voice in a predominantly Catholic country where the clergy faces more official restrictions than almost anywhere else outside the Communist bloc.

But in a climate of increasing openness after the election of Carlos Salinas de Gortari as president, the church appears inclined to take a higher profile in its efforts to win back some of the rights it lost in the 1910-20 Mexican revolution. On good Friday, the country's

most senior cleric combined complaints over constitutional curbs on the activities of the clergy with demands for far-reaching re-

After praying for religious freedom at Mexico city's cathedral, Cardinal Ernesto Corripio told reporters that a serious review of church-state relations must take into account both the opinion of the clergy and the wishes of the

The fact that church leaders were invited to the December 1 swearing-in of Salinas, the cardinal said, "does not signify giving religious freedom.

The appearance of Corripio

and the Vatican's representative, Geronimo Prigione, at the presidential inauguration touched off heated political debate which showed that wounds still fester more than six decades after churches were sacked and priests hanged in a wave of government

Mexico's political left was enraged by the new president's ges-ture in inviting clerics, saying it was a violation of the 1917 constitution which broke the enormous political and economic

Under the constitution, priests are banned from voting, taking part in politics, and even wearing cassocks outside church. The church, which owned roughly half of Mexico's land before the re-

volution, cannot own property. The clergy, Corripio said on Good Friday, had no access to the electronic media under a law

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"The obstacles for full religious freedom are many and have accumulated over the years ... Serious thought is necessary to bring about true freedom, harmony and peace."

The cardinal's remarks, mild by most standards, made frontpage headlines in Mexican newspapers, highlighting keen interest which banned priests from speaking on radio or appearing on the public role of the clergy.

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'The debate on church-state relations is important because it outs to the test the new government's stated aim to modernise politics and to reconcile revolutionary ideals of the past with the requirements of today," said a Western diplomat.

Like many aspects of Mexican political life, church-state relations are governed by unspoken rules and tacit understandings

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# A stew over Kenya's local brew

is soaked in water once again,

mixed with yeast and left to fer-

The resulting "busaa" is mixed

with sugar or molasses and furth-

ment for a further two days.

By Paul Amina

A local illegal brew called "changaa" - poisonous when not properly prepared — is causing controversy in Kenya. Tectotalier President Moi and the clergy have tried to ban the production of changea but its cheapness and popularity among ordinary Kenyans are against them.

KISUMU, Kenya --- Poorer Kenyans, who cannot afford a beer but like the occasional glass of illegal "changaa" — a cheap but reputedly lethal local gin — are disappointed. Their drink is not going being legalised after all.

Government officials, worried about the cost of policing the ban, had planned careful legalisation and licensing of the drink, which is one of the many traditional but when carelessly prepared, poisonous — brews made throughout Africa.

Some such brews have already been legalised in other countries such as Uganda, Tanzania, Malawi, Ethiopia and Somalia. But Kenya's Attorney-General Matthew Muli, reacting to loud objections from the Anglican Church, and pre-empting the conclusions of a commission which has been studying reform of the law against changaa brewing, has announced the ban will "We cannot legalise what is

illegal," he said. The Attorney-General responding to Anglican clergyman the Reverend Jephthath Gathaka, who claimed that if changas were legalised, people would next

call for the legalisation of prostitution, drug trafficking and other vices. Earlier, government officials had been telling the Law Reform Commission, sitting at Kisumu,

organised co-operatives. soaked in water and left to ferment for a few days, then fried in

changaa should be sold in the open market by a group of well To make changaa, grain flour is

on the shores of Lake Victoria.

that an improved and licensed

er fermented in a tightly covered drum or pot for at least a week to produce "kangara" — which in turn is distilled to make changaa. If the proper production pro-cess is followed, say changaa

fans, the drink can rival aged Scotch whiskies and brandy. But get-rich-quick dealers in towns add chemicals, baking powder and other catalysts to speed up fermentation — rendering the drink unhealthy and even unfit for human consumption. Un-known numbers of people have died from drinking such crude

The commission has been gathering opinions on the eightyear-old changaa ban from all

corners of Kenyan society.

At present, the law empowers police to raid premises suspected to be holding or dealing in changaa. But penalties of around \$600 or six months' imprisonment have not proved a strong deterrent.

by ordering the countrywide closure of beer halls — except in major towns — after assuming power from President Jomo

for as little as 60 cents in Nairobi. In 1987, President Moi ordered while a tot of factory-prepared the cancellation of beer store spirits costs about \$2 and a bottle of beer goes for slightly more

locally-brewed changaa can sell ches

The national minimum wage

stands at about \$39 a month and a

monthly rent for a room is about

\$30. A low-wage Kenyan cannot

pay for a decent room, bus fare to

and from work, buy a daily meal of cabbage and maize meal, and

have anything left for a daily bottle of beer. So a little changaa

But now that the Attorney-

General has rejected the proposal

even before seeing the commis-

sion's recommendation, the

chances of legalisation are very

Arap Moi, a devout Christian and

a tectotaller, demonstrated his

hatred for alcoholism long ago

Kenyatta. Some beer halls have

since been turned into adult

education classroom and chur-

Moreover, President Daniel

is attractive.

Recently, in an effort to halt the widespread brewing changaa, Moi ordered the police to raid premises selling the brew, and arrest and force the dealers to drink all of it found in their

Moi is not alone in the fight against alcoholism in Africa. His ambian counterpart, President Kenneth Kaunda, recently broke into tears when protesting about alcoholism in his country. He threatened to resign if his countrymen did not change their drinking babits.

Alcoholism in developing countries is on the increase. According to the latest figures from the World Health Organisation, beer consumption in Central and Western Africa is up by 345% (1960-81), followed by East Asian countries by 560% in the same period.

Beer accounted for about 40% of the world's alcoholic beverage production: African countries produced and drank the biggest



Kenyan police draining changaa from distillery drums, after the distillers had fled

## Do they really

By Mark Trevelyan Reuter

YORK — Paul Sayer snatched Britain's richest literary prize last January with the harrowing story of a speechless, paralysed mental patient. Two months later, he still has qualms of conscience. The comforts of madness,

written in Sayer's spare time while he was working a psychiatric nurse, won the \$34,250 Whitbread Book of the Year Prize. But Sayer — who quit nursing two days later to become a full-

time writer, and plans a second novel about madness — admits to misgivings about drawing inspiration from the silent, inner world of the mentally ill. "I think I have misgivings ab-

out being seen to represent this big and silent world... I sometimes wonder if I did the right thing, if I wasn't really abusing the sort of insight I had into that place," he said in an interview. "But then on the other hand...

the mentally ill really should have someone to tell their story." "The comforts of madness" is narrated by Peter, a catatonic patient unable to move or speak,

but acutely sensitive to the daily humiliations heaped on him in the course of his treatment.

periment with his inert body. anxious to find even faint flickers of a human response.

tors relentlessly probe and ex- polemic.

naked women in his face and undresses him, seeking signs of sexual excitement, while some doctors send him on terrifying drug-induced flights of memory and imagination, returning him to his disturbed childhood.

What are their rights?

Peter alternates between quiet resignation to his fate and furious indignation. "They should have known better than to fool around with someone like me. What right had they?" he demands. "But then, what were my rights?"

Though Peter is not based on any real patient, Sayer drew orr his own disquieting experiences of psychiatric nursing to write the

"When I started nursing in the 70s... the only ward I found very. very difficult was rehabilitation, which I couldn't get along with the idea of me saying to someone: You are ill. I am well. I am going to make you like me' — this idea of remaking someone," he said.

"The premise of the book is the idea that reinventing people is wrong.'

Some critics have found elements of black comedy in "the comforts of madness." Others find it depressing and others see it as a statement on behalf of the Denying him the sanctuary of mentally ill, though Sayer says he his comforting, silent world, doc-never intended the book as a

"The ambition was always just

ately keep sentiment out of the thing and make it very simple.'

He also doubts the sincerity of some readers' response. "If people were really worried

about the plight of the mentally ill, then they would do something about it, they would go and become nurses of fund schizophrenia, but they don't." They like to go to an abstrac-

tion like a novel because it's safe and you can hold it in your hands in your own home and then say, gosh, isn't it awful'."

The comforts of madness, has entered its fourth edition in Britain and is set for publication in the United States in September. Translation rights into French and Spanish have already been sold.

The 33-year-old writer, with self-depreciating humour, says he feels intimidated by the task of living up to this newly-acquired reputation. "I think it's all downhill from now on, to be quite honest. It's very intimidating." he

novel, also dealing with the theme of madness, and in September plans to publish his first short story, a tale of "morbid jealously among the yuppie set." In the long-term, Sayer says his

aim is to write 10 good novels. The first one seems all right, and I'd like to do nine more. That's to write a novel, not make any my ambition," he said. "I'd like sort of statement on behalf of the to write good novels that II be

# For Afghans, a new year of piety, celebration and war

By Hugh Pain Reuter

MAZAR-I-SHARIF — In

Mazar-I-Sharif, all the pigeons So holy is the city, say the

faithful, that any grey ones that arrive turn white within 40 days. Mazar-I-Sharif, a muddy and romantic place of 200,000 souls in

northern Afghanistan, is the resting place of Hazrat Ali, cousin and brother-in-law of the Prophet Mohammed and fourth caliph of Or perhaps it is not. Ali was

murdered in the year 661 in Iraq, and the Iraqis say his remains have been there ever since. Not so, say the Afghans.

According to their tradition, to avoid the body falling into the hands of his enemies, the caliph's followers strapped him to a white camel which was set free to wander and turned up months later in Afghanistan, 2,500 kilometres

"There, a pious sultan built him a monument called Mazar-I-Sharif, the tomb of the exalted

Around this shrine there rose a splendid mosque, rebuilt in 1481 and decorated with a riot of blue and yellow tiles, and the focus of pilgrimages especially at Nowruz, the Islamic new year which fell this year on March 21 by the Western calendar.

Early in the morning. thousands of the faithful crowd the courtyards of the mosque to hear prayers and chant readings

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from the Holy Koran.

United by Islam United by Islam, divided by politics and war, they have come to listen this year to speeches by party officials and an address by Prime Minister Sultan Ali Kish-

tmand calling for peace. But the presence of generals and politicians and local functionaries cannot hijack the festival from the people.

The climax of the celebrations, the moment they have been waiting for, is the raising of the Janda, a long, decorated maypole covered with cloths and erected on Nowruz annually here for the past 630 years.

It may represent the raising of the standard of Islam by Hazrat Ali, or perhaps not - nobody seems very sure. But if its significance is doubtful, its effect is magical.

As the Janda is lifted to the vertical on an ancient stone, cannons boom, the white pigeons panic and fly, and a roar of satisfaction bursts from the thousands.

The mullahs and ministers file once around it and retreat to the safety of the dais, and as they do so, the press of humanity becomes unstoppable.

cordon of soldiers and rush for poor, divided and at war.

the railings around the Janda Pashtuns and Tadjiks, Nurista- They press as close as they can nis and Uzbeks and Hazarahs and come to the sacred maypole, dozens of other tribes, their faces throwing in coins and banknotes, and races varying from European fruits and ornate cloths, some to Mongolian, crowd the pre- inscribed with prayers, and little squares of growing seedlings to ensure a good harvest.

Policemen swat at enthusiasts who try to scale the railings while three men inside the enclosure, in a sea of money, take possessions from the faithful - clothing, watches, hats, anything will do rub them on the green-and-gold cloth wound around the pole and hand them back, sanctified, to their owners.

An old woman brings an apple as an offering, spiking it on the railing. Seconds later a passing mullah retrieves it, splits it with a friend and munches contentedly at it as his due.

The dignitaries leave with their escorts, the soldiers and their band march off and the gardens around the mosque become a vast picnic ground. Hawkers sell pread or toys for the children or little packets of grain for the

During the Buzkashi, a fusillade of rockets is fired into the nearby hills. Nobody is sure why. Perhaps it is a false alarm, perhaps a warning to the Mujahideen rebels encamped not far

Or perhaps it is a reminder to the crowds that when the celebrations, the feasting, the traditional enjoyments of Nowruz are over, The people break through the Afghanistan is a country still

> Tel: 677420 PLAZA

# It could happen to anybody

By Rich Kirkpatrick The Associated Press

MIDDLETOWN, Pennsylvania Life nearly imitated art a decade ago with nuclear technology that supposedly couldn't fail. In nearby Harrisburg, a theatre

showed "China Syndrome," a movie in which a nuclear accident "the size of Pennsylvania." At 4 a.m. on March 28, 1979, movie fantasy turned horribly

real at the three mile island power plant as a series of human and mechanical failures nearly trig-gered a nuclear disaster along the Susquehanna River. By 8 a.m., after cooling water

was lost and temperatures soared above 2,760 degrees centigrade, the top half of reactor's 136,080kilogramme radioactive core collapsed and melted. Contaminated coolant water escaped into a nearby building, releasing

Frightened by reports of uncontrolled radiation releases and a potentially explosive hydrogen bubble in the damaged reactor, as many as 200,000 people living within 80 kilometres of the plant fled the region. Officials advised women and young children within eight kilometres to leave.

Fears remained despite containment

The accident was contained, but it intensified fears about the potential dangers of nuclear power, killed plans for new U.S. plants, and left a once-complacent nuclear power industry defensive about its abilities.

Robert Long, director of Planning and Nuclear Safety at Three Mile Island, recalled that before 1979, people in the industry were confident a serious accident was all but impossible.

"All of us felt it was just really remote," he said. "There are still

people in the industry who think," it couldn't happen to us. "We're constantly trying to remind people it could happen to

anybody. The health effects continue to be debated. The utility says radiation does outside the plant during the accident were less than background radiation, and 10 national and state studies found no evithreatened to wipe out an area dence of increased human cancers or other serious problems in

> animals or plants. Anti-nuclear activists claim the studies were flawed and say they have seen evidence of increased. cancers, medical problems in animals and vegetation muta-tions. Studies will continue for years, and many people remain

General Public Utilities Corp., the New Jersey-based owner of the plant, suffered greatly. It lost a nearly \$1-billion investment in the just-opened unit 2, was vilified for mangling the region's che and teetered on the edge of bankruptcy until a cleanup financing plan was put in place in 1985 and its other reactor at Three Mile Island returned to

service later the same year. After overcoming both financial and technical pitfalls, the nearly \$1-billion cleanup should be completed late next year. General public utilities now is being hailed by the industry as a model utility.

"We're trying to recognise peo-ple do make mistakes, but we're going to do what we can to learn from those mistakes," said Michael Roche, director of unit

For most of those who live near anniversary will be just another day. But local activists will hold a vigil outside the plant, talk with reporters and recall those eerie

### Shortcomings in cleanup

Two citizen groups, Three Mile Island Alert and Susquehanna Valley Alliance, have doggedly monitored plant activities and called attention to shortcomings in cleanup and operations. They also tried to block the 1985 restart of the unit 1 reactor.

"This is a utility that has lied, cheated and was convicted of a felony," said Eric Epstein, a spokesman for Three Mile Island Alert. "In our opinion, it lacks the requisite competence and character to operate a nuclear plant."

He referred to a guilty plea in 1984 for the use of false leak test results at unit 2's cooling system before the accident, to accusations the company made false statements to the Federal Nuclear Regulatory Commission; and to a cheating scandal involving operating personnel who took licensing tests in 1981.

"I think there are still underlying concerns, but people are getting on with their lives," said Joel Roth, a former chairman of Three Mile Island Alert. "Underlying it, there is still quite a bit of feeling... the utility is going to do what it wants to do regardless of what anybody else does."

One of the surprises of the accident was that the so-called China Syndrome — a chain of events in which molten fuel burns through a reactor and containment building and spews radioactive steam into the air — can be

stopped once started. Although 50 per cent of the uranium fuel melted and 18,140 kilogrammes of molten material flowed within minutes to the bot-Three Mile Island, this week's tom of the steel reactor vessel, the remaining water cooled it and held it in place.

"As a result of TMI-2, there has been a rethinking of severe accident consequences, and it's



ATOMIC BOMB OVER JAPAN

still going on today," said Roche. accident and its aftermath. the unit 2 director.

One remaining issue is general public utilities' plan for long-term monitoring of unit 2. About 132 kilogrammes of nuclear fuel will remain in hard-to-reach places, but the company says there is no chance of any chain reaction or other dangerous condition occur-

Another issue is what to do with 8.7 million litres of oncecontaminated water left from the

The company was blocked from dumping the filtered water into the Susquehanna River and now proposes spending \$7 million to boil it away over two years. Small amounts of radioactive cesium, carbon and strontium in the water would be removed and packaged before evaporation. Traces of radioactive tritium would remain in the water and be released to the atmosphere, but the company says that would pose no threat to the public.

# To choreographer Twyla Tharp, dance is dance is dance

By Mary Kerner Reuters

SAN FRANCISCO -- To most people, classical ballet conjures up images of toe shoes and tutus, whereas modern dance means leotards and bare feet.

But the line of demarcation is blurring, and no one would be more pleased than choreographer Twyla Tharp to see it disappear altogether.

"There shouldn't be a definition or a difference between balhet and modern — it's all just dance." Tharp said during a recent interview in San Francisco where her "Everlast" had its world premiere with the touring American Ballet Theatre (ABT).

"Everlast", which paired ABT star Susan Jaffe with Kevin O'Day from Tharp's former company, is a narrative about a boxer in love with the "wrong" woman. It is set in 1919 to songs of Jerome

Tharp stanged the dance world last summer when she gave up the modern trouple she had directed since 1965 to become an artistic. associate of the New York-based ABT, a bastion of circuical ballet.

Dance aficionados wondered why Tharp, with four feature films to her credit — "Hair," "Ragtime," "Amadeus," and White Nights" - would let go of her company and her autonomy to labour within the struc-

ture of an organisation like ABT. But autonomy had a price. Running a dance company, she said, took too much time away from what she loves best: making

"I want to make the best dances I can make, so I need to be in a situation where that can happen. When I feel the situation is restricting it and not allowing that to come to pass and it's being compromised, then I won't work."

### Baryshnikov

Tharp brought seven of her dancers with her to ABT, which has been run since 1984 by Mikhail Baryshnikov.

Tharp's association with Soviet-born Baryshnikov dates back more than a decade. He danced her "push comes to shove" with ABT in 1976, and the later choreographed several pieces with him in mind

"Sinatra Suite," "The Little Ballet" and "Bach Partita." She received an emmy for a 1985 television special, "Baryshnikov by Tharp," and they worked together on the film "White

Nights."
The association has been be-

Tharp loves working with technically strong dancers, and Baryshnikov's career expanded with Tharp's new approach to movement, which encompasses ballet, modern, jazz and tap Her dancers are coaching ABT

in "Tharp" style, which requires

tremendous speed, rapid change

of directions and often juxtaposes

Performance, 3.15, 6.30, a.30, to 32

says tend stick to the floor. Speed has always delighted her, and she has managed to use it in a way that looks nothing at all like the classical style of any

company, Twyla Tharp and dan-

cers, was one of the first in the

modern camp to don jazz shoes

instead of bare feet, which she

In the midst of ABT's current tour, Tharp left briefly for the premiere of "Rules of the Game," which she choreographed for the Paris Opera Ballet, her fourth new piece in six months. She found Paris Opera Dancers markedly different

than those at ABT, she said. "They have an excellent

point shoes with sneakers. Her school, so they can do anything you ask them to do off balance, "They're much more serious. Part of that is the French desire

for adventure in the arts, anyway.

They're overly eager — just the

opposite of here. They're far less

conservative."
Tharp divided her time in San Francisco between ABT rehearsals and, in a hotel room jammed with tidy stacks of notecards and manuscript papers, a autobiography she is writing.

She plans a video as a companion to the book and promises a lecture tour - another surprise from a rather reserved dancer who prefers to let her pieces talk for themselves.

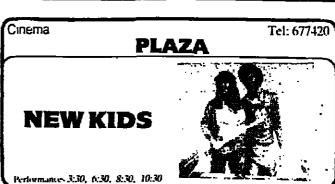
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# **OPEC** vows to try to choke excess oil, keep prices high

VIENNA (R) — OPEC ministers vowed to try to keep a choke on oil supply in the hope that prices will stay around current 19-month highs.

Thursday, group leaders acknowledged that the next three months will probably see a seasonal dip in surprisingly strong world demand for petroleum products.

They also agreed that developments like the Valdez oil spill. which has cut Alaskan supply and given prices their latest boost are one-off affairs.

Still, said Algerian Oil Minister Saddek Boussena, OPEC should be able to defend its target price of \$18 a barrel.

The average for OPEC crudes (which vary in quality) has only just climbed back to that level, last touched in a Gulf war flareup in August 1987, after a glut last year took it down almost to

But Boussena and others said everything depended on OPEC

Ending talks in Vienna late assigned from Jan. 1 to erase the

"One or two" have not been doing so, Rilwanu Lukman of Nigeria, the current president of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC).

Secretary-General Subroto, however, said that Abu Dhabi in the United Arab Emirates (UAE), which has been a leading accommodate competing desource of excess supply, had telexed to say it was cutting back. Subroto also said OPEC ex-

pects world demand for its oil to take another bound upward in the second half of 1989. Ministers, however, were un-willing to predict by how much.

"There are various popula-tions," Lukman said, while Indonesia's Ginanjar Kartasasmita found the current strength of

the demand outlook is better than explained that the uncertainty meant that the session could offer no firm proposais for the next full

OPEC conference on June 5. The meeting was of an eightnation market monitoring committee with no decision-taking

The June 5 talks will bring together all 13 members to set quotas for the second half of 1989 when it may prove tricky to mands to sell more oil in the event that strong demand does permit a rise in the overall OPEC output ceiling (now 18.5 million barrels daily).

An alternative, also assuming good demand, might be to hold the ceiling down and send prices soaring by a majority including Saudi Arabia was said by delegates not to favour that.

Indonesia's Kartasasmita said sellers sticking to output quotas demand still something of a he thought a gap between pricing

"hawks" and "doves" had been "Almost everyone is agreed bridged in informal exchange here, a view which seemed to be we thought," he aid. But he borne out by Iran's Gholamreza

'For this year I don't think there would be anyone who would want a price higher than \$18, he said.

It was true that Iran had historically favoured stronger prices. But we want 1989 to be a year of stability for OPEC.

Kuwait earlier had expressed the view of the big Gulf Arab producers that if prices go too high the consumer, already paying more at the pump in the United States and parts of Europe, will buy less and kill the fragile rally in demand.

Kuwait's Ali Al Khalifa Al Sabah, in remarks to lobby reporters, softened an earlier position that the ceiling should rise to 20 million barrels daily from July with his nation and the UAE getting big quota increases.

It was less a "suggestion" than an "opinion," he said.

## To stop throat-grating nicotine injections

# Arabs squeeze tobacco firms

ABU DHABI (R) — British and U.S. tobacco firms face possible losses in the lucrative Gulf Arab market, where governments are trying to stop their dedicated smokers puffing away on strong

cigarettes. The United Arab Emirates (UAE) is due to impose new regulations Saturday which could force tobacco firms to change some production lines, local deal-

They said the U.S. companies Marlboro and Winston and the British firms Rothmans and Dunhill, which between them. have 90 per cent of the UAE market, all sold cigarettes which would be banned under the new

The other Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) states of Bahram, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar and Saudi Arabia are expected to

Crosbie said in a statement that

Canada has lost patience with

U.S. failure to comply with a

1987 ruling by the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade

(GATT) that the so-called "su-

perfund oil tax," a tax imposed to

help pay for environmental pro-

tection, violates world trade

The move came two days after

U.S. trade representative Carla Hills said the United States will

retaliate against regulations that

protect Canada's west coast her-

ring --- and salmon-processing in-

move," said one U.S. official,

"I would call it a tit-for-tat

Spokeswoman Danielle Ayotte

trade rules.

regulations.

agreement last year, aimed at reducing the number of smokers, officials said.

Every year UAE smokers now puff their way through 2.5 billion cigarettes worth \$67 million and the total GCC market of 17 million people is worth about 15 times more, dealers said.

"Demand is very high con-sidering the population," said one dealer.

On Saturday, the UAE is due to ban cigarettes with more than 12 milligrammes of tar and 0.8 milligrammes of nicotine. Boxes of more than 20 cigarettes will also be banned.

The GCC plans a hefty 50 per cent tariff on cigarette and tobacco imports, a ban on advertising in official media and health warn-

ings. Saif Khalfan, a director at the

follow suit following a GCC UAE economy and trade ministry, said traders must get rid of stocks before the ban takes

The period given to us to dispose of the available quantities is too short and will cause large losses," said Ahmad Jawad, sales manager at Marlboro's UAE agent.

"We have large stocks and already put orders with the factory in the United States, let alone shipments on their way by

sea," he said. Dealers said they had asked the UAE to postpone the ban but ministry officials declined to say whether they would do so.

Dealers have also urged U.S. and British factories to lower tar and nicotine levels urgently. They have to do it or they

could lose a lucrative market,"

traditional suppliers comes from Imagese brands, which have not so far been a success in the region because the Gulf smoker likes a throat-grating nicotine injection.
Most mild Japanese tobacco is within the new limits, dealers

Authorities hope the campaign will cut the number of smokers but, while in the short-term companies could lose money, many smokers think that in the longrun it will not make much difference.

"Smokers will get used to the new tar and nicotine levels," said a Rothmans dealer.

An average packet of 20cigarettes now costs the equivalent of \$1 but dealers said that even a hefty price increase might not be enough to dissuade many smokers in the high-income

# 73 countries pledge \$744 million to boost industry in Third World

United States and 72 other countries have pledged \$744 million to boost new industry in the Third World by insuring investors against the risk of war, revolution and confiscation, an investment agency has announced.

The new Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency said Thursday that the biggest pledge -- \$20.51 million — came from the United States, followed by Japan with \$5.09 million and West Germany with \$5.07 mil-

Leigh Hollywood, the agency's vice president for guarantees, said the first insurance policies probably will be written by June for periods of up to 20 years. So far most of the 60 applications have come from the United States but there have been others

Britain, Sweden, Denmark and Saudi Arabia, he said.

He spoke at a meeting of the Japan-America Society of

Hollywood said Chile was the country attracting most appli-cants. He suggested that was because the Overseas Private Investment Corporation, the U.S. government body that writes similar insurance policies; is forbidden by law to insure investment in Chile.

Chile has been the most successful country in reducing its foreign debt by allowing creditor banks to use the money owed them for buying shares in Chilean

industry. The deals are called "debtequity swaps." The resulting in- ernment of foreign exchange. vestments are prime candidates preventing the foreign investor

for insurance by the agency. given the uncertainty about what will follow the government of military President Augusto Pinochet after December's elec-tion. Pinochet seized power from a leftist government 15 years ago. Hollywood outlined four kinds

of risks the agency will insure - War, revolution and civil commotion, including losses caused by shut-downs due to vio-

Expropriation, including are gradually deprived of their rights by the government of the country where they have in-

what he called "creeping expropriation" in which foreign owners

- Blockage by the local gov-

proceeds of a sale. - Breach of contract by a

government which has made an agreement with a foreign investor, so that the investor can collect from the agency if the gov-

ernment fails to pay up.

Hollywood explained that when the agency pays off the insured investor, it will try to collect the money from the gov-

'We don't want to bankrupt ourselves," he said. He added that it expects informal help in such collections from the World Bank, with which it shares offices and a president —

Barber Comable.

It also expects to make money from the premiums it will charge, ranging from 0.3 to 1.5 per cent for each of the four kinds of coverage, depending on the risk. Row erupts between Canada, U.S. OTTAWA (AP) - Trade Minis- of the External Affairs Departter John Crosbie announced ment, however, denied any link-Thursday that Canada will im- age between the disputes. She pose trade sanctions against the said no decision has been made United States in retaliation for a on what U.S. products may be affected by sanctions.

She said the oil dispute came U.S. oil import tax that has been

ruled discrimination under world up when Hills and Crosbie met in Washington last month, but that The action was seen as an there was no movement on the escalation of a U.S.-Canadian dispute over Canadian fish export

> "It has been going on for a long time. I think we have been very patient," she said.

> Ayotte said Canada had no option but to seek formal authority from GATT to remove U.S. trading privileges. The sanctions probably would comprise tariffs or quotas on U.S. products. It could take months before they could go into effect.

Crosbie expressed hope that Washington would act before that happened, saying, "our preference is that the United States remove this discriminatory tax. We are not interested in retaliatory action for its own sake."

But a U.S. official, also insistwho spoke on the condition of not being identified. ing on anonymity, said Canada is irritated that Washington acted to retaliate against Canadian fish

Geneva-based, 96-nation GATT trade law before getting approval organisation, and could be out to from GATT. teach the United States a lesson. Crosbie chided the Americans

The United States imposed the

### AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Thursday, March 30, 1989 Central Bank official rates

ing 907.4 918.4 Swedish crown rk 284.4 287.7 Italian firs (for 100)	52.3 83.5 38.8 35.9	255.1 84.4 39.1 137.4
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### **Amman Financial Market** weekly trading

Following is a summary of trading during last week and the previous week:

·	March 25-29M	erch 18-22
Daily average	JD 835,025	JD 802,404
Total volume	JD 4,175,125	JD 4,012,018
Total shares	2,878,059	2,383,056
No. of contracts	3,165	3,169
Sect	oral trading:	•
Industrial	JD: 2,843,134	JD 2,430,742
	(68.1%)	(60.6%)
Financial	JD 797,320	JD 1,197,981
•	(29.9%)	(29.9%)
Service	(7.3%)	(7.3%)
Insurance	(5.5%)	(2.2%)
Share price index	126.0	126.7
No. of companies	64	64
Price movement (rise)	19	34
(decline)	31	18
(stable)	14	12

## Bankers give Tokyo, Berne top ratings

NEW YORK (AP) — The credit ratings of South Korea, Chile, Portugal, Iran and Tunisia have risen strongly in the past six months, a survey or international bankers shows.

But the bankers have sharply downgraded their ratings of Tri-.nidad, Panama, Cuba, Norway, Gabon and Libya, according to the survey by Institutional Investor, a New York-based financial monthly magazine. Every six months Institutional

Investor asks about 100 international commercial banks to rate the creditworthiness of more than 100 countries on a scale of 0 to 100. Those with higher ratings generally find it easier to raise loans and they tend to pay lower interest rates.

Japan and Switzerland, with rat-

BAGHDAD (AP) — Pakistan

will extend a \$50 million export

credit to Iraq for purchases of Pakistani goods, the government-run Alaf Baa weekly magazine

The magazine quoted Pakistan's Commerce Minister Faisal

Saleh Hayat as saying the credit will cover a wide variety of pro-

ducts including fishing vessels and

Alaf Baa also quoted the Pakis-

tan official as saying his country is

other merchant ships.

has reported

West Germany with 93.8. The United States, rated No. 1 for many years by bankers, now ranks fourth with 89.8 points.

At the bottom end of the scale are Nicarague, which scored 4.7 out of 100, and North Korea, 3.6. In its March edition, the magazine commented that "relative political stability boosted South Korea, while rising tensions hurt Panama. Economic gains under-pinned rises for Spain and Portugal, Mauritius and Thailand, but hints of reduced Soviet aid set

Since the last survey in September 1988, the biggest decline for a region was registered by Latin America. The U.S. registered a. 0.2 gain since September, even though Washington "has shown At the top of the scale are no concrete signs of controlling its trade deficit, its budget deficit, or ings of 95.2 and 94.3, followed by its exchange rate.

the United Nations-sponsored

ceasefire last Aug. 20 that halted the eight-year Iran-Iraq war. Hayat signed a bilateral econo-

mic and trade accord in Baghdad

paved the way for further coop-

Officials in Baghdad told the

Associated Press that a delega-

tion of Iraqi businessmen will

soon visit Islamabad, the Pakista-

eration." between Iraq and

which he said

last month

back Cuba.'

## **ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS**

### **UAE** bank sets up index for stocks

DUBAI (R) - Stocks investors in the United Arab Emirates (UAE) are being given a better opportunity to monitor their investments. The National Bank of Abu Dhabi (NBAD) is setting up the country's first publicly-quoted stocks index based on a basket of 22 shares, said NBAD senior manager Ziad Dabbas. Dealing in UAE shares is still limited to nationals but the move is part of a general trend toward more efficient capital markets within the six-nation Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC). At the annual meeting of Arab Monetary Funds and central bankers in Amman, delegates agreed that stock and bond markets needed to be developed to attract more private Arab capital as governmentgenerated development revenues have declined due to low oil prices. The GCC nations — Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the UAE — have agreed in principle to allow open investment in each other.

### Yugoslavia expands liberalisation drive

BELGRADE (R) — The Yugoslav government has decided to scrap import controls for private firms and relax foreign exchange controls, Tanjug news agency said Friday. The moves are part of reforms intended to create an open market for goods, labour and capital to revive an economy saddled with 346 per cent inflation, a \$22 billion foreign debt and 1.17 million unemployed. Prices, imports and the foreign exchange regime have been liberalised gradually since last May under an austerity package imposed by then prime minister Branko Mikulic. He resigned in December in a parliamentary rift over inflation but his successor Ante Markovic, a liberal reformer who took office last month, pledged to deregulate the economy further. The Markovic government said it is abolishing a \$250 daily maximum withdrawal limit on hard currency bank accounts in Yugoslavia. It also dropped a \$70,000 annual limit on private firms importing equipment, raw material and semifinished goods. The government also ruled out a return to wage controls, which were introduced a year ago by Mikulic, fuelling nationwide labour unrest.

IBM Japan profits \$640 million TOKYO (AP) — IBM Japan Ltd. earned net profits of 85.23 billion yen (\$640.8 million) in 1988, up 14.7 per cent from the previous year, thanks to Japan's expanding economy and steady demand for information-processing equipment, the company has announced. The company said domestic sales grew by 12.8 per cent to 838.5 billion yen (\$6.3 billion) while exports rose by 10.1 per cent to 349.3 billion yen (\$2.6 billion). The increase in exports resulted mainly from volume shipment of small magnetic disk drives, it added. The company, which employs 21,000 people, said higher income in 1988.

### Japan's jobless rate remains at 2.3%

TOKYO (AP) — Japan's seasonally adjusted monthly unemployment rate remained at 2.3 per cent in February for the third straight month, while job offers inched up, the government has announced. Japan's unemployment rate would be about double if it was calculated according to Western methods, Japanese officials say. In Japan, armed forces personnel and people working more than one hour in the last week or the month - when data is tabulated - are counted as employed. In the United States, military personnel are not considered part of the labour force, and those working less than 15 hours a week are considered unemployed.

### South African interest rates soar

JOHANNESBURG (R) - Interest rates in South Africa's money and bond markets have soared to their highest levels in years. registering a no-confidence vote in the latest budget and setting the stage for a rise in the banks' prime lending rates to 20 per cent. The three-month bankers acceptance rate, the key interest rate in the money market, surged to 17 per cent last week — its highest level since August 1985. Rates on key stocks in the bond market have shot up to their highest levels in more than two years since the March 15 budget. Dealers said the financial markets were pessimistic because of the widely held view that Finance Minister Barend Du Plessis's budget was not sufficiently austere. The prime rate rose in February to the present 19 per cent and has climbed steadily since January 1987 when it was 12.5 per cent.

### Sarney denounces 'Western destruction'

BRASILIA (AP) - President Jose Sarney has said trade protectionism, the foreign-debt burden and inequalities between rich and poor countries were obstacles to a better environmental policy. Sarney sharply criticised the environmental policy of industrialised countries. The developed nations have "destroyed the plant cover of the planet ... and depleted natural resources for the sake of higher living standards," Samey told 15 ministers and environmental specialists gathered from 32 countries. Samey also attacked foreign creditors that "impose conditions for granting credits... which results in a reduction of resources that hurts the environmen-

## U.N. weighs global bankruptcy law UNITED NATIONS (R) - The tion from their creditors through debt, the U.N. report said.

United Nations has suggested that the continuing debt crisis might cause states to seek protec-

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commercial activity."

The question followed, the 33page report said, "could the in- unabated, it may be opportune ternational community, by analo- for debtors and creditors alike to gy, develop an international law look again at this possibility. of bankruptcy for sovereign

giobal commerce.

an international bankruptcy sys- bankruptcy where in effect. tem have already been assembled. including the collective experi-

"No one should minimise the

Javier-Perez de Cuellar noted on equitable rules that would that bankruptcy in private indus- enable sovereign states to seek try was seen 'not as a challenge to protection from their creditors business norms but as an integral under the aegis of an internationand necessary part of on-going allaw of bankruptcy," the report

"However, with the debt crisis

"A practical approach that short-cuts the long-term process The document reviewed the involved in the setting up of new role of transpational banks in institutional mechanism would be to address the debt question as Many of the building blocks for though an international law of

"Under this approach, a debtor country, like a bankrupt corporaence of rescheduling negotiations tion or a financially strapped for bank loans and "Paris Club" municipality, would formulate its

restructuring and development plans as though it had been granted relief from creditors.

"Working backwards from realistic growth targets, a multiyear operating and financing plan including sectoral goals, export growth, necessary investments, etc., would be prepared by the debtor country with whatever assistance it required."

The report said the plan could be reviewed by a committee from the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund (IMF).

"Once approved, the plan, including new capital needs and a long-term adjusted schedule for repayment of existing debt and interest, would be presented to the creditor banks as well as the World Bank, IMF and regional development banks," the United Nations said.

### LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Friday.

		<del>-</del>
One Sterling	1.6880/90	U.S. dollar
One U.S. dollar	1.1935/45	Canadian dollar
	1.8920/30	Deutschemarks
	2.1325/35	Dutch guilders
	1.6582/87	Swiss francs
	39.60/63	Belgian francs
	6.3900/50	French francs
	1387/1388	Italian lire
	132.55/65	Japanese ven
	6.4250/300	Swedish crowns
	6.8740/90	Norwegian crowns
	7.3600/50	Danish crowns
One ounce of gold	382.25/382.75	U.S. dollars

### **WORLD STOCK MARKETS**

SYDNEY — Prices slipped on gloom about the interest rate outlook and depressed base metal prices. The All Ordinaries index lost 9.3 to 1,457.7.

TOKYO - Prices closed mixed but the Nikkei index firmed to a record high for a third successive day. Dealers attributed this largely to window dressing on the financial year's final session. The index rose 12.55 to 32,838.68.

HONG KONG — Good company results triggered a technical rebound from Thursday's losses. The Hang Seng index gained 24.22 to 3,004.98.

SINGAPORE — Share prices closed generally higher with gainers leading losers by 107 to 72 after active trading, dealers said. The Straits Times industrial index lost 1.02 points to 1,189.78.

BOMBAY — Share prices held selective gains at the close after a mid-session rally was cut short by rumours the exchange might impose curbs on trading, brokers said.

FRANKFURT — Shares rose as investors slowly returned to the market after sluggish trading activity earlier in the week. The 30-share real-time DAX index closed up 7.91 points at 1,322.66. ZURICH — Share prices closed slightly higher in cautious trading with big Swiss institutional investors largely absent from the market. The all share index rose 2.8 to 997.3.

PARIS - Share prices ended higher, supported by firm blue chips, but dealers said the market was hesitant ahead of the weekend's IMF/G7 meeting. The 50-share bourse indicator ended

LONDON — Share prices were at the day's highs in moderately active late afternoon business, supported by a firmer tone on Wall Street. By 1541 GMT, the FISE index was 25.3 up at 2,074.7. NEW YORK - Strength in airlines and blue chips led the broad market higher in morning trade, aided by buy programmes. The Dow was up 12 at 2293.

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## **Queen Noor presents** trophy to JTF player

AMMAN (Petra) -- Her Majesty Queen Noor Al Hussein dents enrolled in a training programme organised by the Jordan Tennis Federation (JTF) at Al Hussein Youth City. JTF President Dr. Daoud Hanania deli-

vered a speech on this occasion. thanking the Queen for support-Thursday attended training exer-cises in tennis performed by stu-JTF had embarked on a plan to develop and improve the game. After watching the training exer-cises, Queen Noor presented a gift to one of the players.

## Syria, S. Arabia tie 0-0

LATTAKIA (AP) — Syria and the two Arab teams battling for Saudi Arabia tied 0-0 in a World Cup West Asia group 2 qualifying playoff in this north Syrian port city Thursday. Saudi Arabia won the first

game against Syria 5-4 on March 15.

More than 50,000 soccer fans packed Assad stadium to watch the second half.

advancement into the next round. The game was characterised by fierce attacks and counter-attacks but neither side managed to score. The referees extended the game eight minutes to make up for time lost by delaying tactics employed by the Saudi players in

### Namibia ends isolation

WINDHOEK, Namibia (AP) — An Angolan soccer team will play a match here Sunday, ending Namibia's prolonged sports isolation from black Africa, organisers announced Wednesday.

The match is to take place in Windhoek a day after the formal start of the United Nations-monitored transition process that will bring independence to Namibia by early 1990 after being ruled by South Africa since World War I. As a South African territory, Namibia has been subject to the same international sports boycotts that ere imposed on South Africa because of its racial segregation policies. But the prospect of independence and black-majority rule for Namibia already has had an impact.

**≜873** ♥AJ9 ♦194 **♣K**0J92

A .- Although partner rates to have

solid stoppers in the unbid suits, you

do have a ruffing value and good

three-card support for his first-bid

suit. It is you duty to offer a choice of contracts. Bid three hearts.

Q.5-As South, vulnerable, you

**±6** ♥653 ♦**KJ9 ±AK10542** 

A.—If you made any club rebid, we suggest you go to the bookshelf and

pull out the book on basic bidding.

Indeed, if you made any bid other

than four hearts, it might pay you to

peruse the whole volume! You have

an unbalanced hand, a combined

eight-card trump fit and enough for game, so bid it.

Q.6—Both vulnerable, as South you

**⊉72 ♥K87 ♦A10 ±AKJ1852** 

For information about Charles Goren's newsletter for bridge play-ers, write Goren Bridge Letter, P.O. Box 4426, Orlando, Fla. 32802-

What do you bid now?

East South West
Pess 2 4 Pass
Pass ?

The bidding has proceeded:

What do you bid now?

South West

2 Pass

The bidding has proceeded:

What do you bid now?

### **GOREN BRIDGE**

BY CHARLES GÖREN AND OMAR SHARIF

TES

rket

EIS

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

you hold:

1 ♥ 2 ♥

North East 1 ♥ Pass

2 NT Pass

Q.1-As South, vulnerable, you **46** ∇AQJ6 ◊AK85 **4**AQ102 The bidding has proceeded: South West North Es 1 e Pass Pass Pass 2 ♥ Pass

What action do you take? A .- You have an enormous hand. but it's not quite good enough to drive the hand to game-after all, partner might have a yarborough with four low hearts. To advise partner of your powerhouse in support of hearts, cue-bid two spades and leave the driving to him.

-Both vulnerable, as South you

♥AKQ73 ♦93 ♠AQ195 The bidding has proceeded: . West North East Pass Pass

What do you bid now? A .- In the modern style, two dismonds does not promise a stopper, let alone a suit. However, it does guarantee another bid, so you need do no more than bid two hearts to see how partner reacts. If you still np to three no tramp to show VOUE DOWNER.

-Neither vulnerable, as South ♥AJ76 ♦A82 ♠AJ92

The bidding has proceeded: ".
North East South West 2 Pass 3 Pass 2 🌩 Pass Pass What do you bid now?

A.—We hope you didn't bid three

no trump. Partner had the opportu-nity to do so with a diamond stopper, but he did not take it. However, he must have at least a six-card suit, more likely even a seven-bagger. Bid four spades.

0.4-Neither vulnerable, as South

De Savary issues challenge to New Zealand

LONDON (R) - British businessman Peter De Savary issued congratulations and an immediate challenge on Wednesday to the New Zealand syndicate awarded the 1988 America's Cup by New York's Supreme Court. De Savary, whose own challenge for the yachting trophy was ruled out by the court last year, said in a statement: "Please accept our congratulations on the outcome of the court case. We look forward to relieving you of the cup in the forthcoming challenge."

SPORTS IN BRIEF

#### Kenya probes missing athlete fees

NAIROBI, Kanya (AP) - Kenya's Amateur Athletic Association is probing the reported loss of hundreds of thousands of dollars won by the country's world-class middle- and longdistance runners. Appearance and prize money due the athletes was supposed to have gone into a trust find administered by the association — a fund that apparently never was established. The International Amateur Athletic Federation requires member associations to set up trust funds for their athletes, with monies to be paid to the performers after their retirement from amateur sports. Apparently at the centre of the closed-door investigation is Robert Ouko, who was suspended as secretary of the Kenya Athletic Association last November along with the organisation's

#### Player may appeal against 'baby fine'

LONDON (R) - An English first division soccer player who walked out on his team and attended the birth of his son was considering Friday whether to continue his fight over a \$2,200 fine. Queen's Park Rangers midfielder Martin Allen was fined two weeks' wages by manager Trevor Francis earlier this month. The fine was reduced on appeal by half Thursday by a football league commission. But Allen has said he may seek a further hearing to make Francis explain why he imposed the fine. Allen received a call from his wife at 3 a.m. on the day of the Newcastle match to say she was worried about the impending birth. He immediately left Newscastle to be at her side in London.

#### Bulgarian banned for life after dope test

VIENNA (R) - A Bulgarian weightlifter has been barred for life after being positively dope-tested in a random check carried out by the International Weightlifting Federation (IWF). The official Bulgarian News Agency (BTA) reported Wednesday the test had been carried out in Fedbruary in the town of Sliven. Traces of an anabolic steroid had been found in a sample from Ivan Pashalanov, 21, described as a hopeful for the 1992 Olympics. IWF officials carried out eight random tests in Bulgaria last month in accordance with new rules passed by the federation in November after last year's Olympics. Two Bulgarian weightlifters, Mitko Grablev and Angel Guenchev, gold medal winners in Seoul, were disqualified and forfeited their medals after testing positive. They were also later banned for two years by the IWF.

FORECAST FOR SATURDAY, APRIL 1, 1989

## YOUR HOROSCOPE

- As Charted By The Carroll Righter Astrological Foundation

good humored day sets the stage score from the rebirth of nature and getting out those old April Fools Day jokes.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 15) If you take something apart be sure that 21) You connect with something you can put it back together again. you have been expecting for a long

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20)

This is a good day to experiment if Call a truce when you are in the you are inclined to weave variety middle of a no-win battle. Surprise into your lifestyle. Affairs of the circumstances bring more fun and heart can be stimulating today.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21)

Spending can get out of hand. Send A romantic tiff can lead to a proposity correspondence to the vocative situation when it is time abredder and impose it. Make come to foreign and forest Shop for large

A.—In theory, partner should have some 8-10 points for his response, but after an overcall in spades, he could be a point or so light. Howevshredder and ignore it. Make comparisons when shopping.

MOON CHILDREN June 22 to
Jul. 21) Slow and easy is the best
approach to this day. Household
commotion may influence the early
part of the day.

LEO Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Take a
limit and for hond in declinary with er, this is not a hand for pointcounters. Bid three no trump. At best, it will be laydown; at worst, it could depend on finding the queen

direct and firm hand in dealing with aibling problems. Develop unity in relationships that affect family

pleasures.
VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Letting others know of your ambitions
gives them a chance to help you.
Lippy siblings may leave you short

tempered.
LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Initiating political, philosophical or religious discussions can lead to bad feelings. Hang out with people

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A who understand and accept you

bly a lost item. Use tact sure of the outcome. When design with a repair person.
TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20)

the record), but he is the first person to do it singlehanded," shredder and ignore it. Make com- to forgive and forget. Shop for lux-

## International Players Women's Semis Sabatini struggles through

KEY BISCAYNE (R) — Top- breaking Sukova with a fore- Friday will be against no. 7 seeded Gabriela Sabatini of Argentina advanced to the final of the \$2.1 million Interna-

Frenchman's exhausting effort to beat a month-old sailing record tional Players Tennis Championships Thursday with a fell just hours short Thursday as a gruelling 6-7 (2-7), 6-3, 6-4 tired, hungry and bloody Philippe win over Helena Sukova. Monnet steered his battered, tri maran toward the Golden Gate Sukova, the third seed from after 80 days and 14,000 miles at Czechoslovakia, battled for two hours and 20 minutes in

Monnet lost his bid for the New York-to-San Francisco record after a series of heart-breaking setbacks, including a brush with a submerged iceberg off Cape Horn that cost him a week for repairs. Near the end, he had to battle 18-foot (5.5-metre) seas and capricious winds off the California coast.

Frenchman's

lone coast

to coast bid

fails gallantly

SAN FRANCISCO (AP) - A

But the 29-year-old sailor became the first person to sail the route alone, said Oliver Lanusse-Cazale, Monnet's contact in San Francisco.

"That is a consolation." Lanusse-Cazale said. He went out in a powerboat just after sunrise to greet Monnet and his crippled

Early Thursday, Lanusse-Cazale conceded Monnet had been defeated by a combination of bad luck and bad weather and predicted he would arrive at the Golden Gate by noon. He needed to arrive by 7:34 a.m. (15:34 GMT) to snap the mark set Feb. 12 by the sloop Thursday's child, which took 80 days and 20 hours port to port.

But at noon (2000 GMT), a

helicopter hired by backers of the effort spotted Monnet still 30 miles (48 kilometres) south of the city, and his arrival time was pushed back by four to five

"It's too much, the bad luck I've had," Monnet radioed supporters in San Francisco on Wednesday from his 60-foot (18metre) Elle Et Vire. "I will struggle on.

In addition to his collision with an iceberg, Monnets' hands and arms were slashed Monday after the main wire supporting his mast snapped off the coast of Southern California. Monnet had to climb the mast and spend hours cutting the tangled sail away and repairing the vital cable.

His last-ditch effort to break the mark kept him awake for four days straight, and he jettisoned food three days ago to lighten the load and squeeze another knot or two out of his hard-pressed boat. Michael Fortenbaugh, repre-senting the Manhatten Yacht

Club, which put up the Clipper Challenge Cup trophy for the record attempt, said that missing the record doesn't diminish Monnet's achievement. "It's sad and all (that he missed

said Fortenbaugh." His achieve-ment is not dimmed one bit." Fortenbaugh said plans still call

for Monnet to catch the first available plane east to New York and then to Paris. The ship will remain behind, on view for the

take the set 6-3. bled, dropping her own service again at 5-4 with a series

away the match. 120 degrees (49 degrees centigrade) of wilting heat on the court before succumbing to a series of unforced errors on her own serve in the last game. Sabatini advanced to Satur-

day's final where she will face the winner of the all-American loose." semifinal between secondseeded Chris Evert and fifthseeded Zina Garrison. Sabatini, who lives just a mile away from the Key Bis-

cayne tennis centre, fell behind 3-1 in the opening set to a barrage of big serves and angled volleys by Sukova but better." Straight sets used her heavy top-spin groundstrokes to pull even as

backcourt. Sabatini missed a set point and at 6-6 the set went into a tiebreaker. Sukova quickly built up a 4-0 lead and won it

7-2 with a lob. The players exchanged breaks early in the second set, but at 3-3, it was Sahatini who 6-1, 6-4.

decided to attack the net,

but it was Sukova who crum- the quarterfinals of this

"Maybe I was a little bit nervous and in the tiebreaker I Krickstein. dida't concentrate, I didn't do anything," Sabatini said of

"It was mostly that I handled it the wrong way from the beginning of that game," said Sukova of her play in the last game. "She played better towards the end but maybe it was also that I let her play

Earlier Yannick Noah and the Czech opted to stay in the Kevin Curren used dominating serves for straight-set wins in the quarterfinals of the inat 5-4 with Sukova serving, ternational players cham-Noah, seeded 12th, beat un-

> West Germany, 6-4, 6-1, 6-4. Curren, seeded 13th, ousted no. 11 Emilio San vez, 6-3,

Noah's semifinals match

hand volley and then again to Thomas Muster, who beat Jim Grabb of the United States Sabatini frittered away a 3-1 7-5, 7-6 (8-6), 1-6, 6-0. Grabb. lead in the third set as the at no. 172, was the lowesttemperature on the court rose, ranked player ever to reach

tournament. Curren will face the winner of unforced errors to give of Wednesday night's match between top-ranked Ivan Lendl and 10th-seeded Aaron

Noah had gone five sets in his previous three matches but her slow start. "When I needed less than two hours to finished the first set, I felt beat Steeb, who beat thirdbetter. I was a little more seeded Andre Agassi in the first round. ·

Noah, whose big serve and accurate drop shots had Steeb stumbling about, began to dominate late in the second set, when he won the final 10 points. During one stretch to four Noah service games. Steeb managed only one point - on a double fault. Noah had nine aces.

Noah has reached the quarterfinals in each of this tournament's five years, but he has never played in the finals.

Curren trailed 3-2 in the first set of his match but won the next seven games. Current seeded Carl Uwe-Steeb of had eight aces, won all 13 of his service games and reached the semifinals of a two-week tournament for the first time since he lost in the Wimbledor.

### Chinese dominate first round would advance.

DORTMUND, West Germany (AP) — A mixture of rookies and veterans helped China dominate the men's preliminaries while the Eva Brzezinska-Janik, 21-18, 21-United States women won a showdown with Poland Thursday to advance to the next round at the World Table Tennis Championships.

Korea and Yugoslavia also clinched berths, although there is still one day left in men's opening round action.

The women completed their first round-robin play and passed 16 teams to the next phase, including the top seed China and the United States.

Diana Gee had tight matches wanted to play Ma Wenge and against Poland as both came into Yu Shentong to let them get used the final opening-round match to the atmosphere of a world with 2-0 records. Whoever won championships."

Then the Americans paired to

down the Polish duo, 21-17, 21-18, to win a spot in the next round, grouped with South Korea, Japan and Taiwan. The top two teams from that bracket advance to the quarterfinals. . In the men's competition, the

Chinese coach, Xu Shaofa, wasn't surprised with the advancement of his team, and the Netherlands are seeded 

Americans Insook Bhusan and to expectations," Xu said.

Both of the players are just 20 Bhusan edged Elisabeta and in their first world event. Ma Gracek, 24-22, 22-20. Gee beat was the only Chinese player to give up a set, dropping one to Roberto Casares of Spain in the second match Wednesday.

"He was a little nervous at first

but he adjusted well," Xu said. Jiang Jialiang, the two-time world singles champion, played just one match, and doubles champion, Chen Longcan, contested two matches. China, South, Korea, Hungary

although he shuffled his lineup. at the top of each of the four second-round groups in the women's play.

The Chinese women posted

two victories Thursday win three matches without a set being taken from them.

## S. Diego debate yielding cup

SAN DIEGO (R) — The America's Cup sat in a clubhouse vault Wednesday while San Diego Yacht Club officials debated whether to appeal against a court decision ordering the trophy for-feited to New Zealand.

New York judge Carmen Ciparick ruled Tuesday that last September's races won by San Diego's catamaran against New Zealand's huge mono-hulled sloop were "a gross mismatch" and awarded the cup to the Merwere expected to decide within a Bay counterpart.

San Diego yacht club blanding Bay counterpart. ing's most prestigious trophy.

to file an appeal, it would keep said. the trophy until all legal proceedings were completed, which could America's Cup committee and a

cury Bay Boating Club. appeal, Goddard said he would San Diego yacht club officials deliver the cup to his Mercury appeal, Goddard said he would

against the order to give up sail- Zealand, then the commodore of the San Diego Yacht Club will San Diego commodore Pat personally deliver it to Commod-Goddard said if the club decided ore (Toby) Markham," Goddard

take more than a year. The next veteran of several America's Cup races are due to be held in 1991. campaigns, blamed the Sail
If the club decided not to America Foundation.

### **Peanuts**







### Mutt'n' Jeff







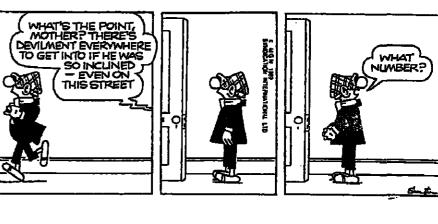


### **Andy Capp**

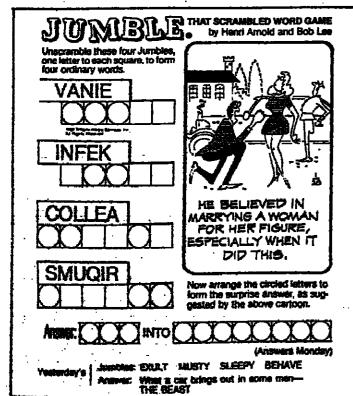
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## Namibians cheer U.N. force

WINDHOEK (R) - Women in coloured skirts and 100 Namibian horsemen saluted world's biggest remaining depenbonnets and tribal horsemen joined thousands of Namibians Friday in an enthusiastic welcome for a portly Finnish bureaucrat who will oversee the country's independence from South Africa.

Martti Ahtissari, special representative of U.N. Secretary-General Javier Peres de Cuellar, pledged that his mission would act with absolute impartiality when it starts its monitoring operation Saturday.

"We fully appreciate that South Africa has made an equally solemn commitment to a totally even-handed approach to all the people of Namibia," he told a news conference at Windhoek

"Namibia has truly been a it also has a very special place in the hearts and minds of the whole nets, while a posse of more than

world." he added. Ahtissari, who heads the U.N. Transition Assistance Group (UNTAG), was greeted formally on the tarmac by Pretoria's top official in the colony, administra-

tor-general Louis Pienaar. But outside the heavilyguarded airport perimeter, thousands of Namibians, some of whom had walked for hours. cheered his arrival on a scheduled flight from Europe.

Many of the women in the mainly black crowd wore tradiwound in the side of Africa. But tional dress of long, colourful skirts and huge bow-shaped bondrive into town.

The main UNTAG task is to Angola. monitor Namibian general elec-Pienaar, the man entrusted with supervising Pretoria's year-long decolonisation process, said he hoped the poll would be "free from the scourge of violent intimidation.'

"South Africa and the United Nations share a common purpose

in this," he said. UNTAG, a force of 4,650 peacekeeping troops and hundreds of police and civilians from more than 50 countries, has been set up under U.N. Security Council Resolution 435 of 1978.

Under a peace agreement signed last December, South Africa agreed to give up the

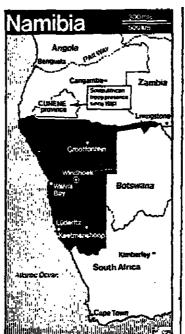
as Ahtisaari's motorcade left the dent territory in exchange for the terminal for the 45-kilometre withdrawal of 50,000 Cuban troops from neighbouring

Angola invited the Cubans to tions scheduled for November. help defend the border against an alleged threat of invasion from South Africa. The governments of Pretoria.

Luanda and Havana also pledged in the agreement to respect a ceasefire in the guerrilla bush war between Pretoria's troops and the Angolan-supported South West Africa People's Organisation (SWAPO), and to exchange political prisoners.

As a goodwill gesture, the three signatories were Friday due to carry out an exchange of prisoners-of-war at the remote north Namibian settlement of Ruacana.

Namibia has been swept with



independence fever as the Saturday deadline approaches for the start of UNTAG operations.

## Serbs urged to settle in Kosovo

BELGRADE (R) — Serbia is level of the republic," said an undermine the ethnic Albanian majority in the riot-torn pro-

At least 22 Albanian demonstrators and two policemen died guaranteed apartments, big inin the past week during violent protests against constitutional changes limiting Kosovo's auton- shortage. omy within Serbia, Yugoslavia's biggest republic.
The curbs, promoted by Ser-

bian Communist Party leader Slobodan Milosevic, were to permit a crackdown on alleged Albanian nationalists whom Serbia accuses of driving 30,000 Serbs from their homes in Kosovo since 1981 separatist riots.

The Serbian population in Kosovo has fallen this century from over 400,000 to 200,000 while the Kosovo Albanians, with their high birth rate, now number 1.7 million.

The province, hit by the worst ethnic bloodshed since World War II, has remained calm for area, with 36 per cent unemploythree days, with police and armoured cars still patrolling and \$100. troops going on exercise in a Its population density and birth show of strength. But a strict rates are the highest in the councorfew is in force.

out application forms, asking best soil.
people interested in living in Both S professional details.

experiment to achieve fusion.

Poland talks extended

offering homes and jobs with official at a district community double pay to Serbs who settle in office which distributed the forms Kosovo in an apparent attempt to in the Belgrade district of Senjak. Television and local radio also

broadcast details of the scheme, offering salaries twice as high as in other parts of Serbia and centives in a country with galloping inflation and a severe housing

The application form, a copy of which was obtained by Reuters, was headed: "for persons and family members who are not in Kosovo but who would like to live and work in Kosovo."

It said applicants would be interviewed in the coming two months.

"The purpose is to identify people who used to live in Kosovo and want to go back or those who want to live there for the first time," said Toma Dejermanovic, a spokesman for Serbia's Urban Planning Committee.

Kosovo is Yugoslavia's poorest ment and monthly pay averaging

try. Fertile farmland is limited. Community offices in towns causing rivalry between Serbian throughout Serbia this week sent and Albanian peasants for the

Both Serbs and Albanians Kosovo to list their family and leave Kosovo in the thousands every year in search of This has been organised at the prosperity.

**WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF** 

SAT LAKE CITY (AP) - A third researcher has achieved cold

nuclear fusion, Brigham Young University (BYU) reported,

nearly a week after two University of Utah scientists stunned the

scientific world with their own announcement. BYU physicist Steven Jones will discuss his experiments in room-temperature

nuclear fusion at a colloquium at Columbia University in New

York City Friday, school spokesman Paul Richards said Wednes-

day. Nuclear fusion, the energy secret of the sun, has been sought

by scientists for 20 years. University of Utah researchers announced March 23 that they had used a simple, low-cost

WARSAW (AP) — The opposition and the government will not meet their Monday target date for concluding talks on political

and economic reforms and legalising Solidarity, Lech Walesa said.

Walesa, chairman of the banned independent union movement,

and interior minister General Czeslaw Kiszczak decided after a

12-hour meeting Wednesday that April 5 is the earliest possible

date for a final agreement to be forged from the eight weeks of

talks. "It is going quite difficultly, but it is not hopeless," Walesa said early Thursday as he returned to Warsaw from the talks in a government residence south of the capital. "We are moving

slowly toward the end, although there are some hard subjects,

hes said. "We agreed on 80 per cent" of the problems. Kiszczak

and Walesa could meet again early next week, Solidarity advisers

FRANKFURT (AP) - A federal official Thursday said the

Czechoslovak government has requested the extradition of two

teen-age hijackers who commandeered a Hungarian airliner and

forced it to fly from Prague to Frankfurt. The official, Peter

Rothen, a spokesman for the Foreign Ministry in Bonn, said a

decision on the request "will definitely take some time," Earlier

Thursday, the state-run Czechoslovak News agency CTK re-

ported that the extradition request had been delivered to the West

German embassy in Prague. A 1970 international agreement on aircraft hijacking, which West Germany and Czechoslovakia signed, says that hijackers will be prosecuted, Rothen said. "The

Czechoslovakia wants hijackers

Officials confirm fusion results

MOUNT HOLLY, New Jersey

## Gondoliers dump

VENICE (R) - Tourists watch-

LONDON (AP) — A British businessman paid £2,000 (\$3,460) for Prime Minister Margaret

#### New York Times, Washington Post share Pulitzer "Being Black in South Africa." New York Times for coverage on the prize as proof that Israel

NEW YORK (AP) - The New York Times and the Washington Post shared the 1989 Pulitzer Prize for International Reporting announced Thursday, while the Anchorage Daily news won the public service prize for reporting about probiems facing Alaska natives.

In the arts category, "The Heidi Chronicles," Wendy Wasserstein's play about one woman's voyage from the 1960s to the 1980s, won the 1989 Pulitzer Prize for Drama. The prize for fiction went to Anne Tyler's "Breathing Lessons," and the award for general non-fiction went to "A Bright Shining Lie: John Paul Vann and America in Vietnam," by Neil

The prestigious yearly awards for outstanding work in journalism and the arts by Americans were endowed by the late publisher, Joseph Pulitzer. First given in 1917, they are awarded by the trustees of Columbia University in New York on the recommendation

of the Pulitzer board. The board awarded two prizes in the category of international reporting. One went to Glenn Frankel of the Washington Post for reporting from Israel and the Middle East; the other went to Bill Keller of the

of the Soviet Union.

Frankel, in occupied Jerusalem, told the AP he was very surprised and honoured at winning the prestigious prize. Frankel said the 15-month

uprising in the Israeli-occupied territories has been a "very dramatic" story. "I've tried very hard to keep

the story on human terms, keep it about people on the ground and how it affect them, not just the generals in the army but Palestinians of all varieties and the Israelis who have to serve (in the territories)," Frankel

Israelis already have seized

is an open and democratic society with freedom of the press, Frankel said. But he pointed out that one of his stories selected for the Pulitzer nomination was about Israel's assassination last April in Tunis of Palestine Liberation Orga-

Wazir, known by his nom de guerre Abu Jihad. The government temporarily suspended Frankel's press card after the article was published because he failed to submit it to

nisation (PLO) official Khalil

military censorship. David Zucchine of the Philadelphia inquirer won the fea-

ture writing prize for his series

Each of the Pulitzers carries a \$3,000 prize, except for public service, which is recognised with a gold medal.

Two history prizes were

awarded, to "Parting The Waters: America in the King Years, 1954-63," by Taylor Branch, and to "Battle Cry of Freedom: The Civil War Era," by James M. McPherson.

The biography prize was won by the late Richard Ellmann for "Oscar Wilde." Richard Wilbur's "New and Collected Poems" won the poetry prize, while Roger Reynolds' "Whispers' Out of Time" won for

### Guatemala prison siege ends

GUATEMALA CTTY (Agencies) — Police searched Guatemala's El Pavon prison for weapons and possible victims Friday after inmates ended a fiveday siege and freed nearly 600 hostage-visitors. Interior Minister Roberto Val-

le Valdizan, the government's special attorney general for human rights, and three representatives of an estimated 100 rebel inmates signed the accord a day after authorities cut off food, water and electricity to the overcrowded prison.

and relatives of inmates holed up in the prison since the siege began were released Thursday after the inmates and government negotiators reached an agreement ending the violent takeover.

Police said 571 visitors had left the maximum security jail 16 kilometres southeast of Guatemala City. Prison officials had earlier put the number at 575.

The prisoners took over the jail after the failed escape attempt during visiting hours Sunday. Some of the visitors said they stayed there during the siege to protect their relatives, but others said they were held against their will and threatened by armed prisoners.

More than 60 visitors and 128



inmates managed to escape during the takeover.

After all the visitors were taken to hospital for treatment for shock and dehydration, police rounded up prisoners on the jail's nd started se installations with dogs trained to sniff out explosives, weapons and

Prison officials said seven people — four prisoners and three guards killed in a shootout Sunday — had been accounted for but it was possible other victims would be found inside the jail.

Police said inmates surrendered more than 60 rifles as part of the accord ending the takeover but they wanted to ensure that all weapons had been turned in and that prisoners had not mined or planted bombs in any parts of the

Prison spokesman Conrado Monroy said 61 carbines were handed over by the rebels, according to the AP.

## Mass riot hits S. Korea after police storm shipyard

SEOUL (AP) - Thousands of workers and students armed with assisted by helicopters spewing rocks and firebombs battled riot tear gas, stormed the shipyard police Friday in seven cities in before dawn Thursday, arresting protests against a police action 697 strikers and ending the 109that ended a prolonged strike at day strike in which some 400 South Korea's largest shipyard.

The Hyundia Heavy Industries in Ulsan, 250 kilometres south-

violence. Hvundai officials said 70 per force was back on the job.

people had been injured since Dec. 12.

The police intervention touched off a wave of protests by east of Seoul, reopened Friday radical students and sympathisers and about 4,000 police were de- who accused the government of ployed in and round the sprawl- suppressing the labour movement ing shipyard to prevent further and protecting conglomerates at rocks and firebombs into the the cost of workers.

cent of its 22,000-person work-near the shipyard and in the cars, according to the South Ko-

About 14,000 riot police, 3,000 workers and radical students armed with rocks and firebombs battled police firing tear

gas.

News reports and witnesses said the protesters set fire to five cars and attacked three police substations in the centre of

About 1,000 protesters also demonstrated at Hyundai Heavy Machinery Company, a Hyundai subsidiary in Ulsan. They tossed company compound, setting fire A major clash broke out Friday to two buses and destroying 30 streets of downtown Ulsan where rean news agency Yonhap.

# Valdez captain gets fired

captain of the tanker that caused the United States' largest oil spill is out of a job because a federal investigation showed he was intoxicated beyond the legal limit after his ship ran aground.

Captain Joseph Hazelwood was fired Thursday for violating company rules that ban alcohol on its ships, said Exxon shipping Company Incorporated President Frank Iarossi.

Hazelwood was the skipper of the 300 metre Exxon Valdez, but he was not on the bridge March 24 when the ship hit a reef one

ping lanes. A third mate was at the wheel, despite being unqualified to guide the ship.

The ensuing spill left a 1.550-

square-kilometre slick on Prince William Sound, one of Alaska's most pristine and scenic marine "We are all extremely dis-

appointed and outraged that an officer in such a critical position could have jeopardised his ship, his crew and the environment through such actions," larossi said.

VALDEZ, Alaska (AP) - The kilometre outside normal ship- Paul Yost, one of three senior officials who made a fact-finding trip to the spill site, said it was most unbelievable" that the ship strayed outside a 16kilometre-wide shipping lane to run aground.

"This was not a treacherous area, not treacherous in the area where they ran aground," Yost said in Washington Thursday. "Your children could drive a tanker up through it."

A blood test administered more than nine hours after the accident showed Hazelwood had

#### agreement allows for prosecution either where they (the hijack-Coast guard Commandant a blood-alcohol level of 0.061. ers) are arrested, or they can be extradited to the country of origin" of the hijacking, Rothen said. The CTK reports identified the youths as Stefan Macicko, 17, and Dusan Styk, 16, both of Banska Bystrica in Czechoslovakia.

### Muslim law row hits Nigeria

ABUJA, Nigeria (R) — A row over the status of Muslim law, which immobilised Nigeria's constituent assembly last year, has resurfaced and threatens to delay ratification of a new draft constitution. The new constitution is being drafted for approval by the Armed Forces Ruling Council (AFRC). It is intended to form the basis for Nigeria's phased return to civilian rule by 1992. Rowdy scenes erupted Thursday when the 567-member assembly met in this partly-built city that is to be the new capital to hammer out a final draft. Many members, especially those from the Chrstian community in this religiously divided nation, were angry that the AFRC had insisted on including several undebated draft sections regarding Muslim law, in the final draft.

# 'Halley's comet not from our system'

comet, the intriguing bright celestial mass seen from Earth every 75 to 76 years, may have come from another solar system, scientists said Friday.

"We have evidence that the from all other substances in our ratios of the comet by studying a solar system," Bruce Peterson, spectrum of the chemical an astronomer at Australia's Mount Stromlo Observatory, told Reuters.

kilometres long, may have been formed elsewhere in the galaxy billions of years after our solar

system was formed. Using a telescope at Mount Stromlo. near Canberra, the scimake-up of Halley's comet differs entists measured the carbon cyanogen evaporating from the comet's surface. They discovered that two forms

Peterson said Halley's comet, a of the element carbon, desig-

CANBERRA (R) - Halley's reflective mass of gases million of nated as carbon 12 and carbon 13, come close enough for our sun to were at a ratio of 35 to one in Halley's comet.

The ratio of carbon 12 to carbon 13 in all other solar objects which have ever been examined is virtually a constant 89 to one, Peterson said.

"Halley's comet might have formed elsewhere in the Milky ley's comet may have received "Halley's comet might have Way galaxy, billions of years after the ratios were frozen in our own solar system," Peterson said.

"Halley's comet may have

gravitationally capture Halley's comet from outside the solar system," he said. The scientist said the theory is

plausible because Halley's comet orbits in the opposite direction from almost all other solar objects. less carbon 12 by being in a "distant region" of the gas cloud from which our solar system was

formed 4.6 billion years ago.

The gas cloud may have been contaminated by carbon 12 from an exploding star and our solar system - nine known planets plus moons, asteroid and comets would have condensed from the carbon 12 enriched gas cloud, Peterson said.

Peterson said he believed the second theory was the less plausible explanation. Halley's comet was named af-

ter the 17th century British astronomer Edmond Halley,

## 'And the Oscars go to' Rain Man, Hoffman and Foster

LOS ANGELES (AP) - Rain Man, the story of a conniving car salesman who learns to love his autistic brother, won the Academy Award as Best Picture Wednesday night and brought top honours for actor Dustin Hoffman and director Barry Levinson, Jodie Foster, the victim of a gang rape in the Accused, was named Best Ac-

Rain Man also brought an award to Ronald Bass and Barry Morrow for their original screenplay, bringing its total to four. Tying with three each were Dangerous Liaisons, the ornate drama of drawing room seduction in pre-revolutionary France and Who Framed Roger Rabbit, the brilliant combination of live action and animation.

Geena Davis, the free-spirited dog trainer in the Accidental Tourist and Kevin Kline, the wild-eyed, oversexed safecracker in A Fish Called Wanda, were surprise winners in supporting roles.

"Cruelty might be human and it might be cultural, but it's not acceptable, and that's what this movie is about," said Foster, a former child star who won her first award from the Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences.

"I'm supposed to be jaded by this time, but I'm not," said Hoffman, who also won the award for Kramer Versus Kramer in 1979. He embraced loser Gene Hackman while on his way to the stage, where he basked in a standing ovation in tribute to his meticulously researched portrayal of an au-

"We tried to be as faithful as we could and be entertaining,'

said Levinson of the low-key

Rain Man. "First of all, I want to thank Anne Tyler for writing such a wonderful book," Davis said in accepting the first prize of the night at the academy's 61st awards ceremony. She has said she read Tyler's novel when it was first published and coveted the role.

The award to Davis drew yelps of approval from the audience of 6,500 in the Shrine Auditorium, possibly because the favourites appeared to have been Frances McDormand for Mississippi Burning and Sigourney Weaver for Work-

ing Girl.
"This is astonishing," said Kline, who also had not been considered a front-runner.

"Liaisons won Oscars for Christopher Hampton's adaptation of his play and for



Jody Foster in a scene from the film The Accused.

art direction and costume design. Roger Rabbit won for film editing, sound effects and visual effects.

The Milagro Beanfield War won for best score and Mississippi Burning for cinematography. Bird won the Oscar for best sound, and Beetlejuice for

makeup. Named best song of the year was Carly Simon's Let the River Run from Working Girl. The academy could find only

three songs to nominate this year instead of the usual five, and didn't see fit to have them. performed during the show. The year's best foreign-lan-

le the Conqueror a grim tale about an exploited farmworker and his son. With Wednesday's ceremonies, the Academy dropped the traditional line "the winner

is ..." in favour" of "and the Oscar goes to ..," using the

guage film was Denmark's Pel-



Dostin Hoffman

nickname the statuetes have acquired. The intent was to soften the sense of competi-

Hollywood's annual tribute to itself, televised live, moved at its usual plodding place and was burdened with heavybanded production numbers. The industry relied beavily on nostalgia, recruiting as presenters such old-time partners as James Stewart and Kim Novak and Bob Hope and Lucille

The 1989 season followed a record year at the box office. More than 1 billion tickets were sold in 1988, with gross revenues of \$4.38 billion. Producer Allan Carr promised an infusion of glamour for

the awards show, whose viewer

ratings have declined steeply

over the years. But the telecast opened with an embarrassing production number that included a Snow White character who talked like Betty Boop and accompanied actor Rob Lowe in a rendition of the rock song Proud Mary amid dancing nightclub tables.

### Snow White troubles

Meanwhile Walt Disney Company filed suit Thursday against the Academy of Mo-. tion Picture Arts and Sciences, alleging anauthorised use of its Snow White character in what it called an unflattering opening number of the nationally televised awards ceremony.

### Lobster escapes the claws of death

OMAHA, Nebraska (AP) — A lobster who escaped the jaws of death when a woman could not bring herself to eat him has found a home at the Henry Doorly Zoo. The 10.9-kilogramme crustacean caled Clyde was the prize in a January supermarket promotion. but the contest winner decided against making a meal out of him and the Omaha Zoo took him temporarily. A special fund helped raise money to keep the lobster in Omaha. At one point, a man dressed as a lobster stood on a downtown street corner and asked for donations, and a radio station held a 28-hour fund-raising broadcast. Clyde was un-veiled in his special \$6,300 saltwater tank Thursday. "Everything appears to be fine," aquarium supervisor Kathy Vires said. "He eats, he's active, he keeps his tail tucked. Those are all signs of a healthy lobster."

### Mother uses son for burglaries

(AP) — A young mother used her three- year-old son to help burglarise homes, authorities say. Michelle Danser, 20, was charged with burglary, theft and en-dangering the welfare of a child. She was arraigned Wednesday and was jailed under \$10,000 bond, authorities said. Police said Danser, who was unemployed, lifted her toddler into the windows of at least four of the eight houses she burglarised so be could open a door for her. "Sometimes she would let him play in the yard while she was burglarising the house," said Police Lieutenant Paul Tuliano. "He didn't know what was going on." The state's Division of Youth and Family Services gave custody of the boy to his maternal grandparents.

## trash on city hall

ed in amazement as Venice's Gondoliers dumped canal rubbish in front of the city hall Wednesday for the second time in 24 hours to protest against the city's squalid appearance. On Sunday, about 60 Gondoliers toured the city in 30 boats collecting bottles, cans, fast food containers and other debris from the canals. Thousands of tourists in Venice for the Easter weekend photographed the Gondoliers as they dumped the garbage in front of the council's offices at ca' Rossetti. "In recent months, we've made numerous appeals to the authorities (to clean up the city), but they've done nothing," said Antonio Scarpa, spokesman for the Gondoliers for Venice

### Man pays thousands for Thatcher's bag

Thatcher's well-travelled handbag at a charity auction last week. Dave Schafer, who outbid several others at Capital Radio's Help a London Child Auction, said he plans to put the beige leather bag on display at his shop in east London. The handbag has travelled with Thatcher to the Middle East, Far East and Australia. It was on her arm when she visited royal navy ships in the Gulf last summer. "I was determined I was going to get the bag," he said. "It is a piece of history. It is a lot of money but it is all in a good cause." Not to be upstaged by Thatcher, opposition Labour Party leader Neil Kinnock promised to brew tea for two and serve it with Welsh cakes baked by his wife, Glenys, in his House of Commons office.

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